

WANTS 1 CENT WORD ISSUE The Colonist

The Daily Colonist.

WELLINGTON COLLIERIES COAL Hall, Goepel & Company Telephone 83 100 Government Street

VOL. LXXX.--NO. 55 VICTORIA, B.C. TUESDAY AUGUST 16 1898 FORTY-FIRST YEAR

ABSOLUTELY NEW..... We have opened up a lovely lot of Hall marked Sterling Silver Photo Frames AND Mirrors. Also numerous other Fancy Articles in Sterling Silver and Cut Glass. See them. The prices are particularly low. Challoner, Mitchell & Co., JEWELLERS, 47 GOVERNMENT ST.

THE DEMAND FOR TETLEY'S PACKAGE TEAS Still continues to increase. Sold by all Grocers and Tea Merchants. HUDSON'S BAY CO'Y Agents, Victoria, B.C.

Klondike Outfitting..... WILSON BROS. Wholesale Grocers Have the largest and best selected Stock in the city of PROVISIONS, GROCERIES, TOOLS, COOKING UTENSILS, TENTS, ETC. We have had large experience as to what goods are required and how to pack them so that they may arrive at their destination in good order. 76 and 79, 80 Wharf St., Victoria, B.C.

The Tax on Groceries Will not be felt by our customers. We will not make the war an excuse for adding large amounts to our profits, but will continue to sell Fancy and Staple Groceries at such prices as are consistent with good quality. We desire your particular attention this week to our Fine Assortment of Local Fruit. PRICES VERY LOW. E. J. SAUNDERS & CO.

\$500,000.00 TO LOAN ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY And for building purposes AT LOW INTEREST. Pay off Old Loans at High Interest and SAVE MONEY. D. H. Macdowall, AGENT FOR Enamelled Iron Signs. Steel Rails, Beams, Brass Plates, Sheets, Etc. Hydraulic Power Transmission by Compressed Air. 28 BROAD ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

W. JONES... AUCTIONEER. Offers for sale, by private bargain, one of the choicest homesteads on the island, containing 510 acres of land, with large, well-kept orchard, profitable hotel, over 100 acres cultivated land, the whole well fenced; fronting on a fine sporting lake and the main trunk roads, six miles from the city; close to church, school and railway station. This is one of the biggest bargains ever offered investors. Price low; terms to suit. A fortune to right party.

Municipal Notice SEWERS' RENTALS. The last day having expired for payment of the above, I beg to state that unless the same is paid forthwith at my office, City Hall, the accounts will be handed to the City Solicitor for immediate collection in accordance with "The Sewers Rental By-Law, 1898." CHAS. KENT, Collector. Corporation City of Victoria. City Hall, Victoria, B.C., August 12, 1898. PLATE GLASS INSURANCE—Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance Co., of New York. J. W. Mellor, agent, guarantees replacement within 24 hours. Telephone 49

DO YOU USE A GAS STOVE? THE VICTORIA GAS CO., LTD. Are now loaning and fitting up free of charge Gas Cooking and Heating Stoves. Gas is sold at the reduced rate of \$1.25 per M. cubic feet for fuel. Advantages of using gas for cooking purposes: 1—Less heat in kitchen. 2—A gas stove is always ready for instant use, day or night. 3—A gas stove will do all the cooking a coal or wood stove does only quicker and cleaner. 4—A gas stove means less work, no fuel to carry or ashes to remove. 5—Food is not placed in contact with the gas. 6—The average cost of using a gas range in this city does not exceed \$1.75 per month. Stoves can be seen at any time at the gas works, where any further information will be gladly given. Klondike Information Bureau. W. WALLACE GRIME & CO. Real Estate, Mining Shipping and Customs Brokers, Commission and General Insurance Agents. 64 Yates Street Victoria, B.C. Telephone 49

HIGH LIFE CIGARETTES Are, Without a Doubt, in Quality and Price The Very Best Made E. A. MORRIS' Headquarters for MINERS' SUPPLIES

SIMON LEISER & CO. Victoria, B.C. The Political Movement Is just now in the direction of our store. But we are never taken unawares. We have the experience, the capital and the will to use it, so we are well prepared to meet all callers. We keep up to the times and close to the people. Manitoba Creamery Butter, 25c lb. Dairy " 30c lb. Hungarian Flour, " \$1.50 sack. Snow Flake " \$1.25 sack. Soda Water and Ginger Ale 50c doz. Use Dixi Hams and Bacon—they are always reliable. DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

STOCKS FOR SALE. In our advertisement three weeks ago we recommended for an early rise Virginia at 45 and Cariboo at 55 and today we offered the same clients 70 cents per share, equal to a profit of 27 per cent. We quote the following shares subject to confirmation: Deer Park ..... \$ 104 Monte Christo ..... 304 Iron Mask ..... 110 Virginia ..... 18 Noble Five ..... 11 Winchester ..... 3/4 Van Andia ..... 5 Dardanelles ..... 24 Horsely ..... 1 50 Grand Prize ..... 24 Giant ..... 80 Cheanne ..... 10 On the 11th July we sold to several of our clients here Cariboo shares at 55 and today we offered the same clients 70 cents per share, equal to a profit of 27 per cent. We quote the following shares subject to confirmation: Deer Park ..... \$ 104 Monte Christo ..... 304 Iron Mask ..... 110 Virginia ..... 18 Noble Five ..... 11 Winchester ..... 3/4 Van Andia ..... 5 Dardanelles ..... 24 Horsely ..... 1 50 Grand Prize ..... 24 Giant ..... 80 Cheanne ..... 10

W. T. HARDAKER Auctioneer Has the largest and best adapted Auction Rooms in Victoria, No. 77, 79 and 81 Douglas St. corner of Yates. Liberal advances made on consignments, furnished houses and stocks bought outright for spot cash. RALPH CHURTON AUCTIONEER 62 DOUGLAS STREET. Periodical Sales. Furniture Bought for Cash. REMARKABLE are the demonstrations of occult power produced through the Brockway family, spiritual mediums at the Balmoral. Sealed questions on all affairs (not known to the medium) are answered by psychic reading and independent slate writing. All investigators should not fail to call on them, as they come highly endorsed by the public and press. Hours 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.

NOTICE. The Public Schools of Victoria City will reopen on Monday, the 22nd August, 1898, at 9 a.m. By order. B. WILLIAMS, Secretary, Board of Public School Trustees. Goals and Wood FOR THE WINTER. Now is the time to get your winter supply. First Quality Dry Cordwood, \$3.50 (has been cut 18 months). Alexandra Coals, \$5.50. Old reliable Wellington, \$8.00. BAKER & COLSTON, James Bay, Telephone 407. MONEY To lend on approved mortgage security (Victoria City) in sums of \$2,000, \$3,000, \$5,000, \$10,000 and \$15,000. Apply to..... A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN

CHEATED THE GALLOWS Further Particulars of Claus's Strange Suicide in the Condemned Cell. The Suggestion Is That His Wife Smuggled to Him the Fatal Strychnine. A Prisoner Not Afraid to Die, But Objected to Being Hanged.

The mysterious death in the condemned cell at the Nanaimo jail of Claus, the Stikine river homicide, gives the keynote to a story of widely devoted that, while it savors somewhat of savagery, has in it nevertheless elements of a Spartan drama. How a prisoner under lock and guard—above all a prisoner sentenced to death and therefore watched with especial vigilance—could procure access to such a poison as strychnine and in sufficient quantity to make suicide a possibility, surpassed the comprehension of the public, while it struck dumb with astonishment the police authorities. Official carelessness was of course blamed by the majority on presumptive evidence, while at the same time the sheriff and the police more than any others were paralyzed with consternation at the poisoning, under their very eyes, yet in a manner that to them appeared inexplicable. On Sunday night two facts developed which seem to point to a solution of the mystery, when taken with the oft repeated statement by Claus that he "did not fear death, but he did the gallows." These facts furnish the framework of the tragedy. Last Friday evening, after being informed by the sheriff that the sentence of the law would be carried out at the day and hour appointed, Claus was visited by his wife. At his request she was permitted to prepare his supper for him and bring it to the jail, a meat pie of which Claus ate heartily being the chief item of the spread. On Saturday the wife was missing; Claus was dead before night; and the medical men say that he was unquestionably killed by strychnine poisoning, taken some time between 8 p.m. Friday and 4 a.m. Saturday. Claus retired early Friday night, but awoke at about eleven, when he asked the guard for a drink of water. He only took a mouthful; then returned to his bed. It was shortly after this that he became violently ill. Drs. McKechnie and Davis were summoned, and it was found to be a case of strychnine poisoning. The physicians did everything possible to bring the man around and at 8:30 in the evening reported that there was a chance for his recovery. Later on, however, he took a turn for the worse, and died at 10:30 in terrible agony. It was on Wednesday (to-morrow) that the law had decided Claus should die, his crime being the killing of his partners, Burns and Hendricksen, from Chilliwack, with whom he was journeying to the upper Yukon by the Stikine river route. Robbery was the purpose of the murder, which was committed with an axe while the victims were sleeping. The crime was one of extreme deliberation, and followed by the constant evulsion of the bodies in a crevasse of the ice. At this point the assassin's nerve played him false, and leaving the bodies with the red-dyed axe uncovered, he took to flight. His suspicious actions induced the miners to investigate, with the result that he was pursued, and after a long, hard chase, captured. The trial took place at Nanaimo, where the indictment of death had been already erected in the jail yard when Claus added self murder to the catalogue of his crimes. Dr. Laurier, brother of Premier Laurier, accompanied by his family, passed through the city on Sunday from Nelson, B. C., to his home at Arthabaska, Que. Dr. Laurier is ill.

MANILA SURRENDERED. It was Bombaraded Last Saturday and Given Up Unconditionally. Washington, Aug. 15.—The department of state has just posted the following despatch which arrived at 11:15 p.m., Aug. 15, from Consul General Williams at Hongkong: "Augustin says Dewey bombarded Manila Saturday. City surrendered unconditionally. Augustin was taken by Germans in launch to Kaiserin Augusta and through to Hongkong. I credit report." AUGUSTIN GOING HOME. Captain-General of the Philippines Makes His Escape on a German Cruiser. Hongkong, Aug. 15.—Gen. Augustin, captain-general of the Philippines, arrived by the Kaiserin Augusta. He refuses to be interviewed and will say nothing except that he is going to Spain at the first opportunity. It is a significant fact that while the fastest German cruiser brought Gen. Augustin, she brings only a small package of mail for the German consul. The consul is not in Canton and his mail matter remains unopened. The precise facts are not known, but it is supposed that Gen. Augustin fled from the Philippines. The Spanish consul here has not yet sent for Manila the news that the protocol has been signed and possibly the Spaniards at Manila will discredit the account to be brought them by the British steamer Australian as she was chartered by the Americans. The opinion here is that the Germans have arranged matters with Captain-General Augustin. The insurgents now at Hongkong are not satisfied with the terms of peace proposed by the Americans.

THE CARLISTS. Their Chief Discourages Insurrectionists But Disapproves of Government's Course. London, Aug. 15.—A special despatch from Lucerne, Switzerland, says the following inspired statement has been made there: "Notwithstanding his disapproval of the course the government at Madrid is taking Don Carlos maintains his firm intention to discourage any actual rising in Spain and is using all his influence to quell insurrectionary tendencies and attempted uprisings among and on the part of his too devoted followers." VANCOUVER AND VICINITY. Story of Preparations for Trouble With Russia—Customs Inspector Visiting. Vancouver, Aug. 15.—(Special.)—One of the officers of the flag ship Imperieuse is responsible for the statement that six more British warships are being sent to Esquimalt. A C.P.R. official recently returned from Montreal, states that the car shops there are turning out an unusually large number of troop cars under high pressure. This news, together with the statement that the C.P.R. steamers Athenian and Tartar are to be sold to the British government for troop ships would indicate that preparations may be under way to strengthen the Esquimalt station as a precaution against threatened trouble with Russia. The cedar shell of the Vancouver Rowing Club was smashed to pieces to-day by colliding with Admiral Palliser's launch anchored in the stream. At a meeting of the licensing board to-day a by-law repealing the music hall by-law was passed. General Superintendent McMichael of the Canadian customs will arrive to-morrow. His mission is not known, but it is thought changes in the working of the offices here will be the result of his visit.

GRAND AUCTION SALE OF... TURKISH PERSIAN BOKHARA RUGS, CARPETS Palace Harem Embroideries Egyptian Bijouterie, Etc., Etc. I will sell at next door to Johnson's stationery store, a magnificent collection of the above goods, brought here by Mr. L. Babayan, of Turkey, which will be sold by auction on To-day and To-morrow. 2:30 p.m. GEORGE BYRNES, AUCTIONEER. The masterpiece of this collection is the famous silk rug—200 years old—belonging to former Shah of Persia, which alone is well worth a visit. PROFESSOR CHARLES GARTNER, B.A. Voice Production, Art of Singing and Instrumental Music... An opportunity for receiving a thorough musical education. The method used in teaching are those of the leading European masters and conservatories of music. For catalogue and particulars call or address ST. 1100, Room 85, Five Sisters' Block, Victoria, B. C. PAINT YOUR BUGGY with Mellor's Carriage Paint. See. Send for colors. Mellor's Bath Tub Enamel, 65c.; floor paints, \$1.50 a gallon. J. W. Mellor, Fort Street. JUST RECEIVED—A few fine young pullets, Chicks, 12 lbs. for 25 cents; Potatoes, \$1 per sack, at Sylvester Feed Co., Ltd., City Market. Telephone 413. a16

MR. SEMLIN'S CABINET Three of the New Ministers Named and Take the Oath of Office Yesterday. An Announcement as to the Rest of the Ministry Promised for Tomorrow. Mr. Beaven Gives the Details of His Connection With the Recent Political Crisis. Premier Semlin has decided to retain to himself the administration of the public works department. Mr. Joseph Martin has reconsidered the matter, waived his personal ambition for the time, and accepted the attorney-generalship. Mr. Cotton has been selected as finance minister and has also accepted. These three ministers were duly sworn in yesterday afternoon, and the members to complete the cabinet will be chosen and installed before the close of the week. The peculiar features of Mr. Semlin's cabinet making are many, not the least conspicuous of them being that while two of the most important portfolios are given the city of Vancouver, the whole of Vancouver Island has been absolutely disregarded. The ceremony of swearing in occurred at four o'clock yesterday afternoon, the new ministry at once assuming office. The probability is that the other selections will be made to-day or to-morrow. Mr. Robert F. Green, of Kaslo, is frequently mentioned on the streets as a strong candidate for minister of railways and of mines; the provincial secretaryship and control of the education department being retained in conjunction, and a place being found for someone from Nanaimo to administer. As an alternative Mr. Forster, of Delta, is spoken of, although it is more probable that he will be slated for the speakership to the disappointment of Mr. J. M. Kellie. Mr. C. B. Sword may be asked to become president of the council without portfolio. The chief interest in yesterday's development centres upon Mr. Martin's withdrawal of his refusal to support Mr. Semlin in his leadership. The consensus of opinion is that he has changed his mind not one iota, becoming attorney-general with a determination to squeeze out the premier before many months have passed. In explanation of his change of base, he himself says: "After I had refused Mr. Semlin's offer of the attorney-generalship I was waited on by a number of opposition members of the house at Vancouver, and they urged me to find some way if possible to meet Mr. Semlin's views, so that the opportunity of the hour might not be lost. On arriving here I found the situation very critical; and while you can quite understand that it is impossible for me to lay bare my position as I understand it, I came to the conclusion that the only course I could pursue was to accept Mr. Semlin's offer. In doing this I have the entire approval of Messrs. Forster, Deans and Ralph Smith, opposition members-elect, at present in the city, and I am assured by them that the position I have taken will be acquiesced in by the other members of the opposition."

THE CALL TO HON. MR. BEAVEN. His Honor The Lieutenant-Governor Writes an Extraordinary Letter. In connection with the circumstances incident to Hon. Robert Beaven's endeavor to form a government, that gentleman has given to the press the letter received by him from the representative of the Crown, and upon which he acted. It reads as follows: The Government of the Province of British Columbia. The 8th of August, 1898. At Government House, Victoria, B.C. To the Hon. Robert Beaven, Victoria, B.C. Sir—I have the honor to inform you that by letter of even date herewith, I have relieved the Hon. J. H. Turner and his colleagues from their functions as my advisers, and members of my executive council. This action I have taken in view of the result of the general elections held on the 9th of last month. This is probably the most important period yet known in the development of the resources of the province, and during the month that has elapsed since the said general elections I have deeply felt the need of advisers in whom I could place full confidence, and whose recommendations I could unhesitatingly approve. And knowing your thorough knowledge of the special needs and requirements of the province, and having in view your long and honorable experience throughout a quarter of a century in the administration of its affairs, and regarding you, moreover, as peculiarly fit to reconcile its contending political factions, I hereby call upon you to assume the task of forming a ministry. (Continued on page 2.)

WILLS' NAVY CUT .....AT..... HARRY SALMON'S IN LIGHT, MEDIUM AND STRONG. Same Price 30c. per 4 oz., 15c. per 2 oz. NOTE ADDRESS - - Government cor. Yates, Victoria, B.C.







## NEAR-BY GOLD MINES.

Great Wealth of Placers in Northern Cassiar Now Well Established.

British Columbian Locations in Which Fortunes Quickly Followed First Rush.

Every letter as well as each arrival from the North country appears to confirm in its full extent the news of the rich discoveries in Northern Cassiar that the Colonist gave its readers on Sunday morning. The gold is undoubtedly there, in what extent of territory is not yet determined, but in sufficiently good quantity to assure the thorough prospecting of the entire district. To put it in the words of a veteran northern prospector when interviewed by the Daily Alaskan of Skagway: "There is no Little Salmon foolishness, but a veritable rich strike—as rich as anything in the history of the Klondike. I have been there; I've seen for myself; and I'm sure of it."

Naturally the half-dozen or so who have been working on Pine or Pike river during weeks past, taking out \$100 a day to the man by the crudest system of mining, were desirous of keeping the discovery as well as the location of the new field a profound secret—at least until their friends could be communicated with and "get in early on a good thing." Hence it was that the Skagway papers were visited, and very substantial offers made the proprietors to say nothing, for a time at any rate—to "treat the matter as of no importance." The newspaper men were more faithful to the public and their profession than to be bought, however, and every reliable piece of information regarding the diggings was published.

First authentic news of the fact that dirt running from \$2 to \$6 had been struck at five feet down, reached Skagway on the last day of July, and the rush set in that elated out the town, men and women joining in the mad rush for claims. Barney Levy was one of the original crowd of Skagway rushers, and no doubt has secured a claim of some sort. Mr. Joshua Holland of this city also sent in men to represent him, and will be among the original claim holders. H. G. Dalby writes to his father in this city that he made up his mind to go—and went—just as soon as Policeman French came to Skagway, and he saw for himself the \$1,200 in yellow treasure that illustrated the story of the new creek as it was told on the 8th of this month.

There are three great advantages possessed by the Pike river or Tagish lake fields over the celebrated Klondike—they are in the liberal province of British Columbia, whose mining laws are for intelligent construction and even liberality to the miner, a model for the world. They are, too, in a more southerly part of the earth than the upper Yukon, and therefore less liable to the extreme cold of the Arctic, the district being at the same time well watered, well timbered, and abounding in game. And—which fact will be heartily appreciated by every miner—the bedrock is near the surface; it does not require to be hauled to; and a few days' demonstrated richness or worthlessness of a property.

A letter was received here yesterday from Mr. G. H. Martin, the special correspondent of the San Francisco Chronicle at Juneau, telling of the big gold discoveries in Northern British Columbia. In a private note, accompanying the story, Mr. Martin says: "I have made it absolutely conservative as far as figures and facts are concerned. It promises to be a very big thing." Here is the story as told by Mr. Martin: "Four dollars to the pan at bed rock and bed rock five to six feet below the surface; no frozen mud; no swamp. Such is the latest tale in brief from the banks of Atlin lake. Old prospectors of Alaska are shaking heads after the manner of Chinese mandarins when I told you so's are well taken, as for once the broad theorists, who predicted a continuation of the Klondike region southerly to the Cassiar and Cariboo, always selected the Atlin lake region as the scene of a big strike and the strike has come. The new region is really a Juneau enterprise—Juneau men located the little creek, which is now the objective point of thousands and as a result of his policy Juneau men own thirty-two claims, the first stake at 'discovery.' "Fritz Miller is the lucky man. Prospecting with a partner on June 15th he found colors in a little stream running into Atlin from the east. At bed rock he found gold and working six men he now averages sixty dollars to a man per diem. Miller remembers his friends, so leaving his claim in charge of partner and men he came straight to Juneau, saying nothing on his way. Arriving in the late afternoon, just two weeks ago, the next morning early found a party of ten hardy prospectors, his particular friends and comrades, on their way in. "A description of the scene in the little miners' headquarters, the Arctic, where the close mouthed energetic little band was so hastily organized, sounds like a romance. Miller's coarse yellow dust, of which he had but twenty or thirty ounces "to pay his way," was critically examined and the next night the party bought the remainder of their supplies at Dyea, crossed the pass with less than a ton and purchased two boats at the lakes. They naturally excited remark, for they were old hands and evidently knew where they were going—of course they were followed, but it was no good. The pace set was too lively. They worked night and day at the oars, toiling twenty-two out of the twenty-four hours. At Tagish, Miller went to record with the Canadian authorities and since the Mounted Police were allowed to stake, this meant an announcement to the world. However, the remainder of the party had a thirty-six hour start and made their destination, all succeeding in getting in first class claims and returning to record and then to Juneau to arrange for working their possessions and sending in tools and food. On the way out they met a large party of the "permanent" population of Dyea and Skagway on their way in, most of them with little or no idea whether they were bound.

"The route to reach the new fields is an intricate one. Through Lake Bennett to the Taku Arm, then due south and finally east to the rapid running Atlin river. It takes some pole of twelve miles, taking some two weeks to reach the new fields, or as an alternate a bad 'seawash' trail, and Atlin lake is reached across the lake due east as the new stream Pine river, a rapid stream with tributaries and

a lake in its sixteen mile course. Discovery is six miles up stream.

"Fred Carter, one of the lucky ones and the owner of claim 32 below discovery, tells the Chronicle correspondent that he himself panned out on discovery as high as four dollars to the pan. He saw a two days' clean up of eighteen ounces in rough sluice boxes with no mercury. Carter is a fine example of the Alaskan prospector with ten years' experience in the country. He is very well known here and is reliable. He will go in in about two weeks with food for a year and intends working his claim, which is simply 'not for sale.' "

"Carter climbed a bluff near discovery and describes the country as rolling with good timber and low underbrush. As far as the eye could reach little streams and lakes lay between the rounded, eroded hills. It's a district, not a creek that's been struck," is his summing up.

"Game and fish are abundant, the weather is not hot, over 100, the nights frosty. Float has been found, but it is too early to predicate that jewels will be. The gold is all coarse. The main difficulties to the lake route are the swift current of the Atlin river and the alternate trail. If a new route is possible it would be a God send and the Taku river near Juneau seems to hold the key. The distance from the head of navigable water for boats by the Taku river to the headwaters of the Hootalinqua is small, but a few miles, and the mountains are low. The Indians have long used this route to reach the lakes. This Hootalinqua must not be confounded with the river of the same name flowing from Lake Teslin. The Taku route Hootalinqua is the Hootalinqua of the Telegraph survey and so appears on the best maps. This has the advantage out almost at the new fields.

"Some sixty men have joined the exodus to Pine creek from Juneau. It is now estimated that three thousand men are on their way in. The trip from Dyea can be made in six days."

## THE PREMIER ILL.

A Few Days' Rest Likely to Again Set the Hon. Gentleman on His Feet.

Immediately after taking the oath of office Mr. Semlin returned to his hotel and retired, he having been in ill health since his arrival from the interior. There is nothing serious the matter, the premier simply requiring a few days' rest.

No further progress had been made last evening in the formation of the cabinet. Mr. Semlin being still in communication with several members of the house. Mr. Cotton, the new minister of finance, said last evening that he, Mr. Semlin and Mr. Martin had been sworn in at the request of the Lieut.-Governor, who was anxious that a lot of routine business, which has been accumulating during the past week, should be attended to. Three members of the executive constituting a quorum, this business can now be disposed of. The new ministers will take charge of their respective offices this morning.

It is probable that Mr. Semlin will announce the personnel of his cabinet on Wednesday.

Mrs. George Scott, a native of Sydney Mines, N.S., aged 42 years, died on Sunday evening at her residence, Bridge street. She had been a resident of Victoria for six years and leaves a husband and several children.

Capt. John Sabiston, the Nanaimo pilot, died on Friday at the Black Diamond city, where his father resides. The deceased leaves a wife and several daughters, residents of Victoria.

The little four-year-old son of Mr. Joseph Wachtel, of the Victoria fire department, was buried yesterday at Ross Bay cemetery. Services were conducted at St. Andrew's R. C. Cathedral by Rev. Father Althoff. Mr. Wachtel has lost his wife and two children within six weeks, the eldest son surviving.

Just before the steamer Cutch left Port Essington for Victoria one of the Sir Arthur Curtis search party, Mr. Sheppard, had arrived there reporting that nothing had been seen of the missing man. The search lasted for 26 days and the party has now abandoned all hope of ever finding Sir Arthur's body.

TOO MUCH OF A HURRY.

(Vancouver News-Advertiser.) As we held would be the result, when the announcement was made that he had accepted the request made to him by the Lieutenant-Governor—that he should form a government—Mr. Beaven has been unsuccessful and yesterday afternoon stated that fact to His Honor and resigned the position which had been conferred upon him. The surprise we expressed—that Mr. Beaven should so hastily have assumed such a serious responsibility—has been fully justified by the sequel and we must say that we are still at a loss to understand how a gentleman with Mr. Beaven's mature experience and knowledge of the political situation should have allowed himself to occupy the position in which the acceptance of the Lieutenant-Governor's offer placed him. Either Mr. Beaven's thirst for office temporarily got the better of his discretion or he thought that some of the members of the opposition were so eager for power and place that they would greedily clutch at anything which seemed likely to appease their appetites. In any case Mr. Beaven will have come to realize that he made a great mistake in so hastily accepting a responsibility as that implied in the formation of a provincial administration.

The Lieutenant-Governor seems to have lost no time when Mr. Beaven's resignation was received. He immediately called on Mr. C. A. Semlin, the leader of the opposition, to undertake it. From the previous reports that Mr. Semlin had already attended several times at Government House, this announcement will not occasion much surprise nor will His Honor's evident desire to put an end as speedily as possible to the present situation. We are not surprised at this but are not sure that His Honor unnecessarily precipitated the crisis—possibly with the best intentions and from his extreme solicitude for the interests of the province—we trust that he will realize fully the difficulties which a situation so rare, if not unique, imposes on any gentleman who may undertake such an onerous task. For its accomplishment he must proceed in a manner that will be satisfactory to the people as well as to the chief executive.

Jacob Litt has made a most elaborate revival of Bronson Howard's great work "Shenandoah." The Chicago newspapers say that it is the greatest spectacle ever seen upon the stage in that city. Mr. Litt will send "Shenandoah" upon the coming season, and as an alternate a bad "seawash" trail, and Atlin lake is reached across the lake due east as the new stream Pine river, a rapid stream with tributaries and

Fair Lady (trying to be deeply interested in the music)—Can you tell me who is singing now? Little Mr. Simpson (hot and exasperated with the crush)—Well, I don't know exactly, but I rather think it's a man. (Doubts whether, to be precise, he should not aid, or woman, but conversation collapses.)—Punch.

## A STRONG NATION

Consists of strong men and healthy women, and health and strength depend upon pure, rich blood which is given by Hood's Sarsaparilla. A nation which takes millions of bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla every year is laying the foundation for health, the wisdom of which will surely show itself in years to come.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient, always reliable, easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Philadelphia (at a Boston fire)—I wonder why it is our fire engines have only two horses, while yours have three? Bostonian—Oh, Philadelphia fires do not burn as fast as ours do.—Life.



**CURE SICK HEAD**

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

Acche they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not. Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vial 25 cents; five for \$1.00. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

(American machines) - \$120.00  
EMPIRE Price 60.00  
Save 60.00  
by purchasing an  
**Empire Typewriter**  
in place of other standard machines  
and get a better machine.  
Simplicity, Portability,  
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MONTREAL, P.Q.  
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**THOMSON STATIONERY CO., Vancouver, B.C.**

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**ITALIAN BEES**  
Seventy-five hives for sale at a very low figure. Italian Bees are better workers and more numerous than the ordinary bee. Apply to W. J. ALLEN, 26 Fourth St., West Esquimaux, Victoria, B.C.

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TIME TABLE NO. 85  
Takes effect June 20 1898.



# The Colonist.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1898.

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W. H. ELLIS, Manager.

## THE NEW CABINET.

The people of British Columbia will not view with much satisfaction the results of Mr. Semlin's effort at cabinet making, which displays many signs of weakness. He has hived the offices in a comparatively small section of the province, but perhaps the weakest feature of all consists in the fact that he has admitted into his government a gentleman, who he himself said could not be taken into any government without in a short time becoming premier. He has not a majority of the members-elect behind him. He has sought to avoid as much as possible a verdict of the people upon his action by taking two members of his cabinet from one constituency. He has ignored a very large section, that is comparatively speaking, of the men who supported him when in opposition. That his cabinet is a mere temporary makeshift is apparent upon the face of it. If a session of the legislature were called at an early day, Mr. Semlin could not organize the house. If it is deferred until after the protests have been determined, he will find himself in even a worse predicament.

In accepting office, Mr. Semlin has assumed the gravest responsibility that any British Columbia premier has taken in recent years. He challenges the verdict of the people upon a question which goes to the very foundation of responsible government. We say to the people of the province that this question is the only one worthy of a moment's consideration at this time. Do the people of this province govern it, or is the Lieutenant-Governor vested with greater powers than the sovereign of Great Britain has dared to exercise in more than sixty years? Is the verdict of the people of no avail in determining who shall administer the affairs of the country? Attempts will be made to obscure this great issue by the discussion of minor matters, but this trick must not be allowed to succeed. If what the Lieutenant-Governor has done receives the sanction of the popular verdict expressed either in the house or at the polls, we may as well bid a long farewell to our fancied freedom.

In this connection we desire to say, in the most positive language that we can employ, that the whole of the correspondence between the Lieutenant-Governor and his late advisers and any other information in the possession of Mr. Turner and his colleagues, bearing upon their dismissal, must be made public. At such a crisis as this there must be no sticking about formalities, or official etiquette, to use Mr. Beaven's phrase. When responsible government is at stake, there is no time to discuss the particular color of the tape with which official documents should be tied or in what particular way their contents should be made known. Mr. Turner and his colleagues owe it to themselves and to the friends who have supported them—may more, they owe it to the people of the province irrespective of politics, to make public immediately, everything casting any light upon this unprecedented situation. We understand that it is the intention of Mr. Turner to give something to the public very soon, but we desire to impress upon him in this manner the necessity for so doing, so that every one will know that the demand has been made that he shall tell everything, giving to the press all the correspondence and any additional particulars he may possess.

The importance of making the fullest possible statement becomes more manifest in view of the observations made by Mr. Beaven and printed in the Times of last evening. We are here told that the reasons were "of a cumulative character," and it is stated specially that the Attorney-General submitted to the Lieutenant-Governor a view of the revenue law, which would make an important check upon expenditure by statute a dead letter. Mr. Beaven also says that it was evident that the relations between the Lieutenant-Governor and the Turner administration were of a character that could not have continued, and in the published letter from His Honor to Mr. Beaven, the former says that he has deeply felt the need of advisers in whom he can place full confidence. We shall not anticipate any statement which Mr. Turner shall make by saying anything further upon these points than that the Attorney-General denies having ever suggested to the Lieutenant-Governor any line of action not in perfect harmony with the revenue law, or calculated in any way to defeat the safeguards thrown by it around public expenditures.

We feel, however, that it would not be right to close this article without a word of comment upon the letter from the Lieutenant-Governor to Mr. Beaven. His Honor in this letter has clearly taken a position entirely out of keeping with the principles of responsible government. He has undertaken to form his own conclusions as to the result of the elections, and that too at a time when all the elections had not been held. He has undertaken to assume the right to have advisers who would suit his views, quite irrespective of whether they suit the views of the people or the legislature elect, for in view of the re-

sult of the elections, mark you, he calls upon a gentleman whom the voters had rejected, and he does it because he wanted some one whose recommendations he could unhesitatingly approve, although one half the constituencies had expressed confidence in Mr. Turner. This is worthy of the German Kaiser; but is certainly not the position which ought to be taken by the representative of a constitutional sovereign in a British country. For this remarkable letter of the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Semlin has assumed the full responsibility, and he must answer for it to the house and to the country. There are other matters in connection with the action of the Lieutenant-Governor which will be proper for discussion, when the whole subject has been laid before the public in such a shape that there will be no dispute as to the facts. At present we content ourselves with saying that his course appeared unjustifiable enough before the publication of his letter to Mr. Beaven, but is ten-fold more unjustifiable now. Our information is that when the whole case is published, his action will be seen to have been of the most arbitrary and unwarranted character.

Pending the publication of the statement, which we confidently expect from Mr. Turner immediately, we ask all those who have, with the Colonist, stood by that gentleman in fighting what we believed was the battle of British Columbia, to stand by him now and be prepared to make a fight to the bitter end for responsible government. We make this appeal with the less hesitation, because our knowledge of what has transpired renders us confident that when the whole story is told, the people of British Columbia will by an enormous majority hurl from power Mr. Semlin, or any one else, who undertakes to champion the astounding course which the Lieutenant-Governor has seen fit to take.

## INEXCUSABLE NEGLIGENCE.

The thing which lies nearest British Columbians, in connection with the administration of affairs by the Laurier cabinet during the last year, is Yukon transportation. It comes home to us as nothing else does, for it affects our prosperity as individuals. Looking back to January and February last, and comparing the conditions existing then with what we have at present, the contrast is so great and startling that it is almost impossible to realize that the future looked then as bright as it did. There is no necessity for going over the story of how the plan to build a railway to Teslin lake was thwarted, or to discuss the action of the Senate in regard thereto. It is the duty of a government to meet unexpected emergencies, when they arise, and the rejection of the Yukon railway bill in no way altered the character of the emergency, which the government itself admitted had arisen. But nothing was done. Thousands of people were on their way into the Yukon; there was every prospect of a large population having to spend the winter there without adequate supplies; every condition existed which had led the government to make the extraordinary contract with Messrs. MacKenzie & Mann and induced the people of the Coast, almost without exception, to support them in so doing, although its terms could hardly be justified; and yet the government stood supinely by and did nothing. Never was there a case of such gross neglect. Never was such a blow struck at the prosperity of a large portion of the Dominion.

Rumor has assigned several reasons for this action. One is that the government thought the time had come to join issue with the Senate. Another is that it was the opinion of some of Mr. Sifton's colleagues that he had been taking just a little too much upon himself, with the result that there was a lack of harmony in the cabinet itself on the question. But be the reason whatever it may have been, the government, though claiming the existence of a grave emergency, did nothing to meet it, although it was evident to every one that the way was open for a line of action that would suit the exigencies of the case. The result has been a great loss of prestige and of business to Canada. Thousands upon thousands of dollars have been lost to the people of British Columbia by the utterly inexcusable neglect of the government, and it is more than doubtful if the ground lost can ever be regained. Meanwhile the ministers seem to be taking a vacation with a unanimity which is refreshing. They are enjoying the attractions of Great Britain; they are rusticated in Manitoba; they are enjoying the summer sunshine of Quebec. The name of Klondike is becoming a stench in the nostrils of the people, because of the complaints of maladministration and worse which every mail brings to the Coast. The business of the Canadian Yukon is going to American cities. Indeed, if it were not for the energy of the company organized by Mr. Rattenbury, Victoria and Vancouver would have no more of the Yukon business than they have of that of Johannesburg. If this gross neglect hurts these cities only, there would be cause enough for complaint; but it reaches out far more widely. It harms the whole of Canada. The Laurier ministry had an exceptionally favorable opportunity in the Yukon to exhibit statesmanlike grasp of a situation, and has made a most miserable failure of it. Such opportunities so rarely come to a government that the failure is monumental.

## THE ONLY WAY OUT.

Never since British Columbia was a province was there a time when there was need of greater harmony and better statesmanship than now, and never was there worse political confusion. It is a

hackneyed phrase, but a true one, that the eyes of the world are upon the province. Its great resources command attention to an unprecedented degree, and almost daily new evidence is given of its imperial possibilities. The news printed on Sunday is likely to be only the beginning of demonstrations of what wealth the province contains. At such an hour we need a strong government and a progressive legislature. We need to have in power men who command confidence at home and abroad. We need united counsels. We need a leader who appreciates the requirements of the province and will be sufficiently progressive and fearless to endeavor to meet them. Instead of this we have political chaos. We have ahead a period of which no one can foresee the outcome. The elections left Mr. Turner with at least half the house at his back and with a reasonable prospect of a working majority. He was undoubtedly able to carry on the affairs of the province; but these have been put in the hands of a gentleman who cannot claim enough supporters to be able to organize the house. If Mr. Semlin had a public record which showed him to be equal to the emergency with which he is confronted, if there were any other man in the opposition ranks to whom the people of the province could turn with confidence, the outlook would not be so gloomy. But everyone knows that Mr. Semlin, with all his many amiable qualities, is not the man for the crisis. Everyone knows that there is not a man in the party with which he is identified to whom the country will turn with any feeling of safety. There is only one party leader in British Columbia to-day who has any reasonable claim to possess the necessary ability and experience to guide the province out of the crisis, only one who can be said to have the confidence of the majority of the people, only one who can meet the legislature with any hope of escaping defeat, only one who is possessed of political standing outside of the province, and that man is John Herbert Turner, who by the arbitrary act of the Lieutenant-Governor has been removed from the post which he was so well calculated to fill.

The Lieutenant-Governor has brought the province into political chaos, and we do not believe he has found the way out. The Colonist showed him the way last week when it told him that he would lose less dignity by retracing his steps than by going forward. He declined to take that step then. Whether he will soon have an opportunity again of taking it we do not know; but if he does and fails to utilize it he will incur a responsibility before the bar of public opinion that no man can afford to assume. Mr. Turner can get together a strong cabinet. Mr. Semlin cannot. That gentleman has been able to present him the names of a cabinet, which may be able to carry on affairs until the house meets; but in that event several by-elections will be held, even if a general election is not found necessary. Thus, with Mr. Semlin in the premiership, the situation will remain confused for months to come, and that, too, at this very critical hour in the history of the province. When we ought to be thinking out how to best advance the material interests of British Columbia, when we ought to be striving to secure the trade of our own country which our neighbors are taking from us, when we ought to be building up our credit in the money market of the world, we will be torn by political dissensions, and all because the Lieutenant-Governor was not content to leave the politics of the province to regulate themselves. It is immaterial what he had in view in taking the step he did. The result is the same no matter what the object may have been.

We repeat that the only way out of the present confusion is in asking Mr. Turner to take the premiership again, if an opportunity offers of doing so. Whether or not it is likely to offer, and whether or not, if he does, the Lieutenant-Governor will accept it, we do not know; but in the interests of the province it is to be hoped that he will.

## Current Comment

### AN OPPOSITION CRITIC.

(Westminster Column.)

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor must have been studying, in his elegant leisure, some erudite works on "How Not to Do It." Here he has, by his own account, a government beaten at the polls, and beaten, as everybody knows, by a straight opposition party of nineteen, whereas the government only secured fifteen avowed supporters in the elections, leaving four to come under the heads of "independent" or "doubtful." The nineteen straight oppositionists, who ran on a definite record and platform, also had a large majority of the popular vote. His Honor, for cause, doubtless, summarily dismissed the government thus beaten by this solid opposition party, and calls upon—a leading member, the recognized leader, of the victorious opposition party, to form a government? Oh, no! His Honor's researches into political lore taught him deeper wisdom than that! He called upon a man who had nothing to do with the defeat of the government, who ran as an "independent," for cause, chosen and would-be first lieutenant, apparently, turns out to be another "independent" (who happens to be His Honor's son), who wanted to run in several constituencies at the late elections, but couldn't get a nomination! And there you are!

THAT RECOGNIZED LEADER.  
(Vancouver Province.)

In the absence of a definite and direct statement from Mr. Semlin, the Province finds it difficult to believe that he has undertaken the task of forming a government because his doing so would involve a distinct breach of faith with the members of the opposition party, of

such gravity that it could hardly be excused by the party or forgiven by the country. If Mr. Semlin's acceptance of the premiership is purely tentative, then there is nothing more to be said; but if he has not put it distinctly and clearly upon that basis he has been untrue to himself and to his friends. For Mr. Semlin's own sake the Province hopes he has done nothing that may cause him unending regret or that may lead to the permanent injury of the party with which he has long been identified. Mr. Semlin is not in a position to undertake the formation of a permanent government for the reason that the party has not yet determined that Mr. Semlin is to be its leader. At the opposition convention held here a few weeks ago, the question was left in abeyance, at the request of Mr. Semlin himself and of Mr. Cotton, until another meeting was held on the 25th of August when it was hoped that all the members of the party would be able to be present and a definite conclusion reached. On account of the urgency created by the dismissal of the Turner government, Mr. Semlin undertook to notify the members of the party that the meeting would be held a week earlier, and there the matter rests. In the face of this definite assumption Mr. Semlin would be a most unjustifiable proceeding and its inevitable result to him would be the loss of the confidence of both the party and the country. Mr. Semlin cannot go back on the understanding that has been arrived at. He must keep faith with his friends or his friends are not likely to keep faith with him.

Yet if Mr. Semlin has not assumed this extraordinary attitude, his attempt to organize a government is impossible to understand. Last evening he telegraphed to Mr. Joseph Martin asking Mr. Martin to accept the attorney-generalship. Mr. Martin promptly and properly replied that he could not do so, because it would involve a distinct breach of trust with the members of the party who had yet to make their choice of a leader. That Mr. Semlin had happened since the Province does not know. At this writing no further word has come from Mr. Semlin, and it is impossible to say definitely whether he has decided to proceed with his task or to ask the Lieutenant-Governor's permission to let the formation of a ministry stand over until the opposition caucus has been held and a leader selected. The moment that is done, matters will at once adjust themselves satisfactorily, but if Mr. Semlin attempts to proceed on other than these regular constitutional lines, he is morally certain to lose the allegiance of many who have been counted as amongst his warmest friends.

## THE GOVERNOR THREATENED.

(From the Kamloops Sentinel.)

The political situation is still unsatisfactory. Mr. Beaven cannot form a government, but, apparently, does not like to say so. None of the opposition leaders will have anything to do with him, and he cannot very well call upon his supporters of the late government, though a despatch received this morning indicates that he will go to this length rather than lose the opportunity of obtaining office. Neither Lieutenant-Governor McInnes nor Mr. Beaven occupies a creditable position in the business world. He has just presumed to make a mess of things. He has presumed much, and, we fancy, will have reason to regret his ill-advised courses. Mr. Beaven should have known enough to decline the Lieutenant-Governor's proposition. He must surely recognize by now that he is a back number in politics. He has no influence and only a handful of followers of the most mediocre stripe in Victoria. Mr. Beaven's proper and dignified course would have been to advise the Lieutenant-Governor to call upon Mr. Semlin, the official head of the opposition.

## THE INTERIOR FOR SEMLIN.

(Ashcroft Mining Journal.)

C. A. Semlin, M.P.P., the leader of the opposition party, went down to Victoria on political business the fore part of the week. Mr. Semlin's old friends and supporters, without so far as we have heard, a dissenting voice, say emphatically that he has for years headed the fight against the government, that it is under his leadership the past government met defeat, and that Mr. Semlin is entitled to be recognized as the leader of the party and should have been called upon to form a government. Any other course especially such a course as has been taken by the Lieutenant-Governor, meets with the emphatic disapproval of the people of this section, and if the wishes of Mr. Semlin's friends and supporters count with him he will accept nothing less than he is by right entitled to, viz: the premiership of the province.

This article is written simply to voice the sentiment of the community where Mr. Semlin has so long resided, and those whom he has so long represented in parliament, and as above stated, so far as we have heard an opinion expressed by anyone in Mr. Semlin's district, the sentiment is unanimous that no new man and no defeated candidate must take precedence over him.

MARTIN'S WINNIPEG FRIEND.  
(Winnipeg Daily Tribune.)

The proper thing for His Honor to do now is to end the Beaven farce and send for Mr. Martin or Mr. Semlin. Perhaps it would be as well to invite them both to a conference and they might arrange between themselves which should lead. Mr. Semlin has the reputation of the ability to lead, and to lead well. If British Columbia secures him as her premier her people will have great reason to be thankful, for he will straighten out all tangles in quicker time than any living Canadian, and he will give the province an administration of which she will have reason to be proud. Whatever all the B. C. politicians may think of the matter now, if Mr. Martin is given the lead, they will soon acknowledge that the right thing has been done. Manitoba will rejoice to be able to congratulate her sister province on securing so able and honest a premier as Mr. Joseph Martin. He has brains and honesty, and these are the two great essentials in these degenerate days.

## A GREAT STRETCH.

(From the East Kootenay Miner.)

The manner in which the crisis was precipitated and the further fact that the reports from Cassiar give another sen to the government—the final being 10 seats each—has certainly left room for criticism on the action taken by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor. The drastic manner in which Mr. Turner has been treated is certainly a stretch, and an almighty big one, of the constitution and the power vested in the Lieutenant-Governor.

Had the Turner ministry been defeated at the polls and Mr. Turner declined to resign, it would then have been the duty of the Lieutenant-Governor to dismiss him; but if Mr. Turner agreed to call the legislature together immediately and abide by the vote of its members, the

course would have been quite proper. What actually took place will be known in a few days.

## NO OTHER WAY.

(From the Westminster Columbian.)

We have condemned, and must continue to condemn, the action of the Lieutenant-Governor in calling upon Mr. Beaven to form a cabinet. So far, we have refused also to say a word in approval of the manner of his dismissal of Mr. Turner, holding that it appeared premature, on the face of things, to say the least of it. But to-day we find a statement in one of the government organs, which, if it means anything, must be held to justify the Lieutenant-Governor's action so far as the summary dismissal of the Turner ministry is concerned.

That statement is that Mr. Turner had in store for the meeting of the house a surprise which would "raise the hair" of the country, so to speak. This, taken in connection with the context, can only mean one thing—namely, that Mr. Turner was arranging to buy up certain of the members elected as oppositionists, and hoped to succeed. It is known that he failed in a first attempt of the sort, which lends color to the organ's statement.

Now, if the Lieutenant-Governor knew that such a design was entertained—that Mr. Turner's government was actually trying to set aside the verdict of the people by bribery—and the government's own organs say that the attempt was to be made, and that success was looked for, then the prompt dismissal of Mr. Turner's government was abundantly justified.

It rests with the organs to show that a different interpretation can be put upon their words, or else to hold their peace about the punishment which has visited their master's sins.

## MOUNT SICKER MINES.

The Superintendent of the Lenora Gives an Interesting Account of the Progress of the Work.

"I trust you will pardon me for this in trust on your space," says Superintendent Harry Smith, of the Lenora mine, in a letter to the Colonist. "Yet as a constant reader of your paper I thought you would not hesitate to publish a few facts that may be of interest to all British Columbians and more especially the business men of Victoria. The 1st of April, 1896, I first set foot on Mount Sicker, and from that time to the present day I have constantly been prospecting in the adjacent hills; the most of the time has, however, been spent on Mount Sicker."

First—I conclude from my explorations that a very large mineral belt exists from Esquimalt to Chetumans, and traverses almost the entire length of the Island. I have travelled over a portion of this ground from Duncan to Alberni and in almost every creek and gulch that I have been I have found float or traces of valuable minerals. This certainly indicates that valuable ore bodies exist and from what I have seen I conclude by drawing comparisons with other places that to-day the Island is one of the best places for honest investment there is in the British Northwest.

Second—As to myself, the 30th day of April, 1897, I discovered what is now known as the Lenora mine. I say mine for the following reasons: The surface exposures are in one place 43 feet, in another 30 feet, another 28 feet and traced into the Tye chain 10 feet with a covering a length of over 800 feet. The Lenora mine now has actually between 1,000 and 1,500 tons of ore on the dump, which assays prove to be worth from \$25 to \$30 per ton. The actual amount of work done is 370 feet of tunnel and an unprison of 100 feet which had to be driven for ventilation. Two hundred and thirty feet of the tunnel has been driven in solid ore and two cross-cuts 80 feet apart strike the parallel ore bodies, one 12 feet and the other 6 feet between walls, the ledges being 30 feet apart.

"A shaft is now being sunk in the tunnel and is down 15 feet below the tunnel level. It is to be continued to the 200 feet level, when drifts will be run as above. The main tunnel has ties and rails (wooden) well laid its entire length, and is equipped with my own patent dump car, with a capacity of one and a half tons. Two men handle the car and are kept busy every day handling the ore from the four shifts. Wheels and axles were made for me at the Albon Iron Works."

"Since February 5, 1898, I have had men working night and day for the last two months and a half double shifts have been working with a seven day roll of between \$600 and \$700. My supplies have been purchased of well known firms in Victoria, which added to the pay roll, makes a neat little sum of several thousand dollars, all of which has been distributed here through the efforts of myself, my working partner, H. W. Buzzard, and our principal, Mr. F. J. Smith, of Glasgow, Scotland."

"Some of British Columbia's most reliable mineralogists have pronounced this property one of the best in British Columbia. My principal, Mr. F. J. Smith, has authorized me to build a wagon road of four miles in length to connect with the municipal road at Westholme station, which I have already started to do. I shall employ a force of 25 or 30 men and hope to complete the same in sixty days. The road built will run through several adjoining properties on which work has already been done and will be of benefit to nearly every property on the mountain. Three surveys were made of different routes, of which this is the easiest grade. I state these simple facts for the benefit of those who may be interested in this part of the island's resources."

## BY WAY OF VARIETY.

"True happiness does not depend upon externals."  
"That's so. Ughym is as happy as a lark since Miss Gargyle accepted him."  
—Life.

Examiner—What part of speech is the word "am"?  
Smart Young—What, the "am" what you eat, sir, or the "am" what you is?—Fun.

"Even on the battlefield," said the Garrulous Boarder, "there must be amusing incidents."  
"Oh, yes," said the Cheerful Idiot.

"Whole regiments are sometimes called on to make a diversion."  
—Indianapolis Journal.

Mrs. Crowley—How does it feel to be the mother of a convict?  
Mrs. Scaddeligh—It seems immense as long as you're in this country, but somehow I can't help thinking that the old family serving are getting me along much better when I'm over visiting Sadie.—Chicago News.

"I hear that Wilkins is courting trouble."  
"How's that?"  
"He's called on that black-eyed North Dakota grass-widow four times last week."  
—Cleveland Leader.

# Canadian Yukon Gold Fields

## The BANK of BRITISH COLUMBIA

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862

Arrangements have now been completed through the Canadian Bank of Commerce enabling this Bank to issue Letters of Credit, Drafts, Etc.,

## Direct on DAWSON CITY,

(KLONDIKE.)

The Centre of the Yukon Gold Bearing District.

500 Celebrated

## PETERBOROUGH CANOES

Just Arrived.

OGILVIE'S MODELS.

Reasonable Prices.

## POINTS OF MERIT:

Lightness. Large carrying capacity. Durability and strength.

Cumbersome green lumber boats are expensive, heavy, and can only be used going down stream, being worthless for prospecting purposes up shallow creeks, owing to swift currents. Avoid blockade at Lakes Linderman and Bennett. Scarcity of boat lumber will make it impossible to supply one-fourth the demand. Correspondence solicited.

## THE NORTH-WEST TRADING CO., OF CANADA.

FRANK WEIR &amp; CO., Gen. Agents, Vancouver, B. C.

Ogilvie's waterproof canvas canoe covers.

P. O. Box 419

OVER SEVENTY YEARS' ESTABLISHED REPUTATION.

# NEAVE'S FOOD

IN 1-1/2 PATENT AIR-TIGHT TINS.

EXTENSIVELY USED ON THE MINING CAMPS OF AUSTRALIA and in SOUTH AFRICA.

A Large Amount of Nourishment in a Portable Form.

WILL KEEP Indefinitely,  
Not Affected by Damp.

"Contains all the elements of food in an easily digested form"—DR. GORDON STABLES, M.D., R.N.

"This Food may be used with advantage by persons of all ages."—SIR CHAS. A. CAMERON, M.D.

JOSEPH R. NEAVE &amp; CO., Manufacturers, FORDINGBRIDGE, England.

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Goods Suitably Packed for Transportation by Sleighs or Otherwise. Requisite Custom House Papers Prepared Free of Charge.

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FOR THE KLONDIKE.

The Maximum amount of Nourishment in the Minimum of Bulk.

BOVRIL IN TINS.

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF IN TINS.

RATION CARTRIDGES, PEAS, BEEF, Etc.

DESSICATED POTATOES, ONIONS &amp; TURNIPS.

LIME JUICE NODULES.

SOUP NODULES, Etc., Etc., Etc.

## BOVRIL, LIMITED,

LONDON, ENGLAND, and MONTREAL

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## BOYS' SUITS AT HALF PRICE

Two Weeks Only.

**B. WILLIAMS & CO.,** CLOTHIERS, HATTERS AND OUTFITTERS  
97 to 99 Johnson St., Victoria

### NOTICE.

Klondikers and others travelling in the north will find the Colonist on sale at the following places:—  
Fort Wrangel.....Wrangel Drug Co.  
".....F. M. Zimmerman  
Skagway.....J. H. Hyde  
Dyea.....Eugene Stahl

### TO LET

Handsomely furnished house, 10 rooms; all modern conveniences, stable, carriage house, paddock, tennis courts, etc.

**HEISTERMAN & CO.**

### THE LOCAL NEWS.

Fruit jars at Cheapside.  
Drink Blue Ribbon Coffee.  
Majestic Ranges at Cheapside.  
Carpenter Tools at Cheapside.  
McClary's ranges, Clarke & Pearson's.  
Bass' XXXX on draught at the Occidental.

Hotel Victoria, Victoria, strictly first-class. Rates \$2 upwards.

The Badminton, Vancouver; management, John Creighton. Strictly first-class. Rates, \$2 upwards.

Removed—Dr. A. E. Verrinder, to the corner rooms. Five Sisters block, entrance No. 13, over C.P.R. office.

The Hotel Butler, Seattle, is the headquarters for Victorians, and the Colonist will be found on sale at the hotel news stand.

Wrought iron kerbs and brass kerbs for the hearths; fenders, and a nice stock of andirons at Weiler Bros.

TO THOSE ABOUT TO MARRY—Spend the honeymoon at Prospect Lake, half-way house, Saanich road.

Hotels and restaurants are supplied with table linens and similar goods at special rates by Weiler Bros.

CYCLISTS camping ground, 6 miles from town. Tourists' Retreat, Saanich road.

Liberty crotches, art satens and our curtain nettings make up very effective bedstead draperies. Weiler Bros.

STOP! PAUSE! READY! Stevens' Hotel, Saanich road, under new proprietorship.

Canvas curtaining, figured muslins, etc., are inexpensive, but excellent midsummer hangings; new stock at Weiler Bros.

A new book of views of the city and surroundings, the daintiest and best issued yet. At the Victoria Book and Stationery Co. (late Jamieson's).

Grand Labor Day Celebration to Nanaimo—Monday, September 5th.

Grand Labor Day Celebration to Nanaimo—Monday, September 5th.

Dandierine, the only Hair Producer, has arrived at C. Koeh's, 42 Government street.

Professor Chas. Gartner, B.A., vocal and instrumental music. Music studio, room 53, Five Sisters block.

Delegates from the temperance societies of the city will meet in convention at the city hall to-morrow evening.

There is a bundle of clothes, found on Pembroke street by Constable Wood, awaiting an owner at the city police station.

Two more bicyclists were yesterday fined the usual \$3 for riding on the sidewalk, and the hearing of a third case was remanded for three days. The driver of a milk cart was fined \$5 for leaving his horse unattended.

The remains of the late John Thomas Murrant were laid in their last resting place Sunday afternoon. The funeral took place from the family residence, Humboldt street, at 2:30 o'clock. Rev. Mr. Sweet officiating, and the following gentlemen acting as pallbearers: Messrs. J. Braden, J. Brown, Isaac Welsh, John Welsh and Hugh Remy.

### MINERS.

Get your sheath knives, compasses, money belts, chamolins bags, camping cutlery, mining glasses, fishing tackle, etc., from Fox's, 78 Government St.

Karl's Clever Root Tea for Constipation is the Best and it after using it you don't say so, return the package and get your money. Sold by Cyrus H. Bowes.

### OKELL & MORRIS'

PRESERVES and MARMALADES  
Are the Purest and Best

## Want a Hat Cheap?

Slaughtering Drab Pearl and Light Brown in  
..... Soft and Stiff Hats.

**SAM REID,** 122 Government Street

## BARRETT IN ON IT.

The "King of the El Dorado" Will Have His Share of the Latest Gold District.

102 in the Shade Under the Arctic Circle—Bonnets Cost One Hundred Dollars.

When it comes to luck, Joe Barrett, the El Dorado king, is just about as convenient a mascot to keep in sight as the majority of prospectors would care to shadow. He was one of the first to strike good money in Coolgardie; he was an original claim holder on the El Dorado; and now, coming down from the Klondike to rest and think it all over, he has heard of the Pike river finds and struck for Atlin lake just in time to record a buried fortune there. He started up the river with 65 others on July 24, and "broke ranks" as soon as he heard of the new stampede, while Frank Clarence, Harry Smith, Shepherd and the Garrett brothers came on to the Coast, with Al Bartlett, Mrs. Church and several other Skagwayans.

Al Bartlett seems to have all records as a rapid traveller. He left Dawson at five o'clock Sunday afternoon, landed at Bennett the following Monday night, and was in Skagway at half-past one on Wednesday. Mr. Bartlett says the party brought down about \$250,000 in gold dust, but undoubtedly many of the men had drafts in addition to this. Al Bartlett is the hottest town in the United States or Canada, observed Mr. Bartlett. "That is beyond a doubt. There are thirty thousand people there, and twenty-eight thousand of them are living in rag houses. You can buy anything in Dawson from an Italian hand organ to a gattling gun, at all sorts of prices. You meet there people of all sorts from all over, from the daintily dressed New York club man to the dead broke, who begs for a meal. Every country is represented. But there is perfect law and order. In this Dawson is superior to any mining camp the world has ever known."

"We met three of the late Soapy Smith's men being escorted down the river to Dawson by a squad of Mounted Police. Judge McGuire won't do a thing to them, except to give them five years each to rest up in. We met Major Steele at White Horse on his way in. Major Walsh is coming out on the next steamer. When he left Dawson on June 24 only one boat had arrived through from St. Michael. This was the Monarch."

"But my, it is hot in Dawson. One day the mercury went up to 102."

Mrs. Church also bears testimony to the extreme heat of Dawson at midsummer. According to her story it was so hot in Dawson that all they could do was to set a big kettle of iced lemonade and drink it all day long. But the nights were cold enough for anybody.

Mrs. Church did exceedingly well with the goods she took in, but she details of her success she declines to give for publication to avoid any statement calculated to influence other women as to the chances in Dawson. One might make it successful where ten to one hundred would fail.

"There was the woman," she says, "who took in a large stock of goods and fell sick at Bennett and died there. But there are any number of women in Dawson, some doing well, others not so well, others not so well at all."

"I went in with a stock of millinery and fireworks, and reached Dawson June 29, just in time for Dominion Day and the Fourth. The fireworks sold right off, and they had a rousing Fourth of July. There was such a racket that the dog population took to the woods, scared to death, and it is said that nearly a thousand started off for Circle City."

"Yes, there are plenty of women in Dawson, perhaps too many, for the men learn to do their own sewing and cooking unless they lose their ambition for all neatness and order. There were three hundred women coming in on the boat arriving at the time we left."

"I worked my way into Dawson by cooking for eight men. That was no picnic, but the worry was worse than the work. I could not sleep. I was continually gazing at the swirling river and the rocks in it, and feeling that we were likely to strike any one of them and go to the bottom. You see the whole river was strewn with broken boats and the parts of outfits that would float. On the banks of Thirty-Mile we saw several women who had been wrecked and were wringing their wet skirts. Poor things, they had no change of clothing, or shelter, or anything. Oh, it's a hard trip for a woman under the best of circumstances."

"Yes, it is true that I sold a bonnet for over a hundred dollars, but that's no particularly large profit if you consider the first cost and the risk and expense of getting in there. Why, I paid \$45 for that particular bonnet at wholesale rates."

"I was at church Sunday morning—I mean a week ago last Sunday morning—in Dawson, and I was surprised to see so many well-dressed and respectable women. I thought I was going to an ordinary service such as one expects in a mining camp, but there was a fine organ and the singing was first-class."

"In the afternoon we got on the steamer, and started for White Horse. We had a splendid trip back with the exception of our experience on the summit. We left Lindeman at half-past nine Monday night and had to pass a good part of the night on a side hill near the summit. We sat up. While there we got a scare. Mr. Barrett, the El Dorado king, was one of the party and it was known that he had a big sack. Three Indians squatted near us and one of them kept on whittling with a big, bright knife. We were, no doubt, after that gold. I made up my mind that if ever I got out of that it would be the last time I would run such a risk. One of the ladies of the party took to the solitude of the woods for the purpose of prayer."

"Am I going in again? Why, of course I shall start on another trip in about six weeks."

## MEETING THE FARMERS

Dr. Fletcher and the Deputy Minister of Agriculture Complete Their Trip.

The New Tobacco Industry Promises to Be Successful—Fighting Noxious Weeds.

The series of lectures to Farmers' Institutes recently arranged for, has been completed, and Mr. J. H. Anderson, deputy minister of agriculture, returned home on Sunday night after an extended tour through the province in company with Dr. Fletcher of Ottawa. In spite of the fact that in consequence of harvesting operations the time was most unfavorable for holding meetings, the lectures were well attended, and the discussions which followed showed a most intelligent appreciation of the subjects touched upon and a decided step in advance since the inauguration of Farmers' Institutes in this province. Dr. Fletcher is a forcible and fluent speaker ever ready to point out the faults as well as the good points of the farmer, but withal in a pleasant and agreeable manner. His visit has been of great benefit to the agriculturists of the province inasmuch as it has set many to thinking over the problems of farming by which with the least possible amount of labor and outlay the farmer may put the greatest amount of money into his pocket. It is to be regretted that the services of Mr. Saunders, director of Dominion experimental farms, although freely offered could not be availed of as all the meetings had been arranged for before his arrival in the province and there not being sufficient time according to the act to arrange for other meetings.

The weather throughout the trip was very hot during the day so that in many places the harvesting operations were carried on by night and the day used for rest. Crops generally are reported by Mr. Anderson as good and are giving excellent returns, the excessive heat however causing much of the grain to shell out if handled during the heat of the day.

The tobacco ranch of Mr. Collins at Okanagan Mission was visited as well as the factory established at Kelowna by the Kelowna Shipping Union for the manufacture of the home grown tobacco into cigars. Some ten acres are under crop and at the time of the visit the tobacco was maturing fast and harvesting it was expected to begin in a few days, when unless some unforeseen accident happens the crop will be abundant. The cigars manufactured from this tobacco are of a high-class, and Dr. Fletcher pronounced them to be superior to any made in the East from home grown tobacco. The factory is under the management of Mr. Woll, an experienced cigar maker, who has been for some years in Westminster, and who, after a thorough examination into the merits of the British Columbia tobacco, decided to undertake the management of the factory. Cigars as soon as they have matured will be placed in the market.

Lord Aberdeen's ranch at Coldstream was also visited, and under the management of Mr. Ricardo, a marked improvement was noticeable, the care bestowed on details being a good object lesson to those who are not as careful as they might be in such matters. Between sixty and seventy acres are in hops, which are very free of lice or other pests, while the extensive orchards now coming into bearing give every hope that the large outlay of this fine property will soon begin to be repaid.

It was noticed on the trip that the number of pernicious weeds is on the increase, making their appearance at first near the railroads and gradually extending. Many of these weeds are strangers to the farmers, who not recognizing them have not taken measures to protect their land and crops. Amongst the worst is the Tumbling Mustard of Manitoba, where it is an intolerable nuisance causing great loss, in one instance the prairie province 1,800 acres of wheat having had to be sacrificed in order to rid the farm of the weed. Specimens of these weeds were exhibited at the meetings and their evils explained, so that it is hoped active steps will be taken to keep the pests in check.

At Chilliwack a beautiful exhibition of fruit and flowers was made at the meeting, the excellence of the former bearing testimony to the favorable conditions of that section for fruit growing, the peaches were particularly fine.

Large collections of botanical and entomological specimens, some of them new and rare, were made for addition to the collections at Ottawa and Victoria, and Dr. Fletcher last Thursday took his departure for the East intending to hold meetings in the Territories and Manitoba before proceeding home.

### MONUMENT UNVEILED.

Interesting Ceremony by the Local Camp, Woodmen of the World.

The members of Victoria Camp, Woodmen of the World, on Sunday morning attended services at the Metropolitan Methodist church, where Rev. J. C. Speer, preached an appropriate sermon on the life insurance systems of secret societies. In the afternoon the camp met at the A.O.U.W. hall and headed by the Regent band marched to Ross Bay cemetery and took part in the very pretty ceremony of unveiling the monument, erected by the order over the grave of J. Campbell, a deceased member. Mr. Campbell had been here but a short time when he died, but the local camp took charge of the funeral and erected the handsome stone which marks his grave. The ceremony at God's acre was conducted by Dr. Lewis Hall, acting consul commander; Mr. H. Edwards being marshal for the day and Mr. N. Shakespeare, orator. The ceremony was opened by the singing of "The Grave" by a quartette composed of Messrs. Schl, Keith, Lang and Grizelle. They also sang the funeral anthem of the order. The veil was removed by the marshal at the request of the acting consul commander. Sovereign Pennock gave a recitation and the oration by N. Shakespeare followed. The consul commander then concluded the ceremony and the camp marched back to the hall, where votes of thanks were tendered those who had taken part.

At Friday evening's meeting of the camp there will be a singing contest.

## Left Prostrate

Weak and Run Down, With Heart and Kidneys in Bad Condition—Restored by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I was very much run down, having been sick for several months. I had been trying different remedies which did me no good. I would have severe spells of coughing that would leave me prostrate. I was told that my lungs were affected, and my heart and kidneys were in a bad condition. In fact, it seemed as though every organ was out of order. I felt that something must be done and my brother advised me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I procured a bottle and began taking it. Before it was half gone I felt that it was helping me. I continued its use and it has made me a new woman. I cannot praise it too highly." Mrs. SUMMERVILLE, 217 Ossington Avenue, Toronto, Ontario. Get only Hood's, because

### Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. \$1, six for \$5.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable, beneficial. 25c.

## Building Business...

We started to build our business here fifteen years ago on the firmest foundation known—"Reliability." We cemented the foundation with "Good Clothing," built the walls with "Low Prices," and protected the same with a roof of

### HONEST VALUES

We built a good house, for we have a tenant called "Public Confidence," and we shall keep our house in good repair, that our tenant shall stay with us always.

### GAMERON...

The acknowledged Cheapest Cash Clothier and Klondike Outfitter in Victoria, 55 Johnson street.

### The Other Fellow!

Time enough to write with the pen! But how about "the other fellow" that busy man, whom you want to influence by your letter. Has he time to read it?

Don't you know that your pen-written letter is apt to go to the bottom of the pile, while a letter in the plain print of the Remington Typewriter gets immediate attention.

**M. W. WAITT & CO.**  
Dealers in the—  
**Remington Standard Typewriters**

**NOLTE**  
For CORRECT GLASSES  
COME TO US  
FORT ST.

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FROM  
**Harrison Hot Springs**  
PER  
**THORPE & CO., Ltd.**  
Sole Agents, VANCOUVER.  
VICTORIA, NELSON.  
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### PABST BOHEMIAN

From Milwaukee. The finest Bee the world ever produced, on draught at the

**Bank Exchange,**  
The coolest, cleanest, and cheapest Restaurant in the city. Never closes.

### WE SUIT YOU

More than one way. Our work always gives satisfaction.  
**GAMPBELL & CO.**  
The leading tailors, opposite Colonist office, corner Broad and Truncheon Alley.

## J. HUTCHESON & CO.

NEW TABLE DAMASKS, NAPKINS, LINENS.

NEW PLAID TAFETAS.  
700 Tartans, evening shades, Henriettas, etc.

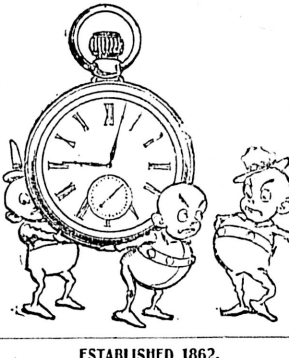
AUTUMN DELIVERY UMBRELLAS.  
Ladies' and Gents' 75c. to \$8.75.

NEW TRIMMING BRAIDS.  
Silk Tubulars, Mohair Tubulars, Soutaches, Gallons, etc., in blacks and leading colors.

GAMMET'S SUEDE GLOVES; NOVELTY BELTS.

The above are among the new arrivals now marked and placed in stock, and may be seen at

## The Westside



Keep Correct Time?

You can do so if you purchase one of our Watches, as every one is guaranteed.  
Our stock is well assorted from the cheap nickel to the fine movement in heavy gold cases.

We have just opened an elegant line of Ladies' Watches in beautifully engraved cases, which are very low in price.

**C. E. REDFERN,**  
43 Government St.

## GEO. POWELL & CO.

Cheapside, 127 Gov. St.

Granite Fruit Kettles  
Crown Fruit Jars  
Rubber Rings All Sizes

CHEAPSIDE, 127 Government St.

## WEILER BROS....

### NOVELTIES IN

### ..TABLE LAMPS..

Have just opened out a Line of

These lamps are the very latest in design, and are mounted with rich Ormolu fittings. We have a fine line of Hanging Lamps, manufactured by the best makers, and a nice assortment of Decorated Porcelain Table Lamps for you to look at.

..WEILER BROS...

51 to 55 Fort Street, Victoria, B.C.

Without exception is manufactured by  
**THE OKANAGAN FLOUR MILLS CO., OF ARMSTRONG, B.C.**  
A Home Institution. If you want satisfaction use  
**O.K. BRANDS OF FLOUR**  
Hungarian—Strong Bakers  
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SOLE AGENTS FOR VICTORIA, B.C.

We are the sole agents for the Pacific Coast for

## FOUR CROWN SCOTCH WHISKY

Ex-Benicia, Allonby and Agnes Oswald

— ALSO —

**Corby's Rye Whiskey**

In Bond and Duty Paid

## TURNER, BEETON & CO.



AT THE CITY COUNCIL.

A Change of Mind in Favor of Foreign Made Sewer Pipes.

Waterworks Regulation By-Law Deferred Until a Special Meeting on Thursday.

There was a lot of trivial talk and personal allusions that made the city council meeting last night last till half-past ten, when the actual business disposed of might have been settled very much sooner. As it was the new by-laws were reached at so late an hour that a special meeting was set to discuss them.

Among the communications came one from the militia department saying that a decision would soon be reached as to the new rifle range. This was filed.

A request from the Board of Trade that the city should help out with the board's annual report moved Ald. Hall to say that there was no money for left to spend on the streets. However, the letter was referred to the finance committee.

Mr. B. W. Pearse wrote calling attention to a machine used in Toronto for crushing stones, picking up and rolling the streets all at one operation and he suggested that the city would do well to inquire into the invention. The streets committee and city engineer will do so.

The B. C. Pottery Co. wrote in reference to the tender for sewer pipes that they were ready to reduce their tender of last week ten per cent. As the Mayor had a recommendation on the resolution passed last week the letter was tabled.

From C. McKay Smith came an offer to settle the long standing trouble with the De Cosmos estate by the city taking over Camosin and the part of Johnson and Pandora streets under dispute on letting Mr. Smith off the \$172 due on the property for the past three years.

The Mayor was of opinion that the offer might do away with a source of long standing dispute. The city engineer wanted the matter a little inquired into. He would object to taking over the streets if they were less than sixty feet wide.

Ald. Williams agreed in this and the letter was referred to the city engineer and streets committee to report.

The tramway company wrote that the ceasing to run cars on the Spanish road division was only until local conditions were such as to warrant a renewal of the service.

Ald. Williams thought this letter not definite enough. The company could not expect to make every portion of the line pay. The company had it all their own way here, but in Vancouver they had to give people more privileges as for instance in reduced tickets.

Ald. Phillips wanted to see the matter settled and Ald. Humber thought the company should either run their cars or fill up the track.

Ald. McGregor sympathized with people on the outskirts of the town, but there was another side to the story. The tramway company paid \$5,000 a month in wages in the city, but the Spanish road line was a loss to them of \$10 a day in running cars. That was a loss of \$3,000 a year to the company.

Ald. Kinsman in line with this argued that if the track was pulled up as Ald. Humber suggested, they might be sure it would not be relaid for years to come.

The Mayor agreed with Ald. Kinsman and the letter was finally laid on the table.

The city solicitor wrote that there was going to be an appeal against the decision in favor of the city in regard to the Yates street fire hall. This was filed.

On the report of the failure to get the time to appeal in the Dunsuir assessment case, because the time for appeal would expire before judges enough were at hand to hear it, Ald. Williams complained that Mrs. Dunsuir should never have appeared at all about two kinds of law, one for the rich and one for the poor. The city appeal could have been taken, had there not been some dodge. City Solicitor Mason went over the whole ground to show that it was want of enough judges that was the trouble and on motion of Ald. Humber it was decided that the Dominion government should have the matter called to their attention.

A request for better water service by R. Engelhardt, corner of Burdette avenue and Blanchard street, was referred to the city engineer to find the cost and the water commissioner's report that it would cost \$2,250 to give three new services asked for near Fairchild road was laid over for inquiry.

There was a long discussion on the building and sanitary inspectors' joint report that the house, 470 Pandora avenue, so long spoken of as a nuisance, was not yet satisfactory.

The owner's solicitors will be informed that unless the house is connected at once with the sewers and placed in a sanitary condition the by-law will be carried out and the house pulled down.

At the suggestion of the chief of police it was decided to put tenders for the police winter uniforms.

The report from the electric light superintendent on the suggestion to place a number of new lamps caused a lot of talk. The following was the list: Centre of Madure street; Rockland avenue (near Dewdney's); corner Vancouver and Fort street; McGregor avenue, at corner Pemberton road, junction of Belmont and Pandora avenue; North Park between St. Louis street and Cook street.

Ald. Phillips moved that the letter be referred to the electric light committee to report.

Ald. Humphrey said that the communication was the result of a trip of the electric light committee to see where the lights were most needed, but he did not think there was anything in the appropriation for it.

Ald. Humber had a lot to say about the want of light in other parts of town and there was something said by Ald. Phillips of a hole and corner proceeding with the result that Ald. McGregor jumped on his feet to protest. Ald. McGregor was of opinion that the \$800 which was put into the general revenue miscellaneous should be used to put in some of those lights.

The letter was finally referred to the committee for report.

A petition to put Richmond road in repair to the city boundary was referred to the streets committee to report.

The streets committee reported in regard to the government's offer to pay for macadamizing part of of Totem avenue if the city would grade it that though the offer was a reasonable one there were no funds.

This report was adopted.

SEMI-WEEKLY SERVICE

Pacific Coast Steamship Co. Decide on Increasing Their Victoria-San Francisco Fleet.

The Islander Takes the Vancouver Run—Steamer "Cutch" Returns.

Although the Tartar and Athenian still lie at Vancouver open to engagement the Pacific Coast Steamship company does not consider it advisable to further delay placing extra ships on the San Francisco-British Columbia-Puget Sound route. The Call says: "There is to be a semi-weekly steamer service between San Francisco and Puget Sound ports in the near future. The Pacific Coast company has been contemplating the change for some time, but the opening of the war and the consequent withdrawal of the steamers Senator and City of Puebla delayed the matter. The steamer Corona will be ready for service in a few days, however, and as soon as she is put in commission the new schedule will commence. The Corona, it will be remembered, ran ashore while on her way from Davao and Skagway, but she was afterwards got off the beach and patched up. Temporary repairs were made at Seattle and the steamer came to San Francisco and has been overhauled at the Union Iron Works. When completed she will go on the southern run, taking the place of the Santa Rosa. The latter vessel will be put on the Puget Sound route and will run in conjunction with the Unatilla, Walla Walla and Queen. Steamers will leave San Francisco Wednesday and Saturday of each week and will arrive at Victoria, B.C., each Monday and Friday and Seattle every Tuesday and Saturday. Returning, the steamers will leave Seattle every Sunday and Thursday, arriving here every Wednesday and Sunday. The return of the Senator and City of Puebla will make a change in the vessels of the Puget Sound fleet, but it will make no change in the sailing days. The increase in the passenger and freight business between San Francisco and Puget Sound ports has made the addition of another vessel to the fleet an absolute necessity."

RELIEVES THE CHARMER.

Instead of spending between five and six hours on the Charmer, Victorians going to Vancouver on the Islander this morning are expected to arrive in the Terminal City in something like four and a half hours. This was the time made by the ship when some years ago she was in the pink of condition, and given all the steam she can carry with the aid of a boiler long unused, it is thought she can run as fast now as ever. No change has been made in her hour of sailing or arriving. As already stated, the Islander's repairs and improvements have been very extensive, and her appearance is at least spick and span. The Charmer which goes off the route, will be laid up for a time, and probably given an overhauling.

THE CATCH RETURNS.

Early yesterday morning the steamer Cutch returned from Nans river and northern British Columbia ports, with 12,500 cases of salmon from Rivers Inlet, and her passenger accommodation all taken up. These were mostly cannery employees, although several were miners from the Nans, the upper Skeena and Cassiar. Eleven were Chinese in charge of Mr. Wollacott, of Alert, and under sentence to three months each for supplying liquor to Indians. They were all landed at Nanaimo.

MARINE NOTES.

Steamer Toss will sail for Skagway on Friday. She is now due from the North, having had no calls to make at British Columbia ports on the trip south.

The R.M.S. Aorangi will be down from Vancouver to-day for the purpose of going into dry dock to be cleaned and painted.

MARINE NOTES.

After discharging a cargo of coal the steamer Maude took round to Esquimalt yesterday four large cases of machinery for the torpedo destroyers, Sparrowhawk. She left last evening for Texada with a few passengers and a little freight.

ENTERED.

Str. Charmer, from Vancouver.  
Str. City of Kingston, from Port Town- send.

Str. Czar, from the Straits.  
Str. Mamie, from Chemalmus.  
Str. Cutch, from Nanaimo.  
Str. Daisy, from Chemalmus.  
Str. Dais, from Chemalmus.  
Str. San Juan, from Skeena river.  
Ship Celtic Chief, from Callao.

CLEARED.

Str. Islander, for Vancouver.  
Str. City of Kingston, for Port Town- send.

Str. Czar, for Vancouver.  
Str. Daisy, for Chemalmus.  
Str. Mamie, for Chemalmus.  
Str. Cutch, for the Straits.  
Str. Mamie, for Chemalmus.  
Str. City of Nanaimo, for Nanaimo.

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or constipation you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. Don't forget this.

The election at the recent W. C. T. U. convention for the province resulted in returning to office last year's officers, viz: Mrs. Lamb, president; recording secretary, Mrs. Gordon Grant, Victoria; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Cunningham, New Westminster; treasurer, Miss Breeze, Vancouver.

BY WAY OF VARIETY.

In a certain village school they were having a Scriptural examination, the lesson being Elijah offering up a sacrifice on Mount Carmel.

As the children looked good scholars, the inspector gave him a question, saying: "Now, you have told that Elijah put the bullock on the altar; why did he put water round the altar?"

The children got amazed, except one little boy, who stood up and said: "Please, sir, to make the grass."—Spare Moments.

Mamma—From what animal do we get our milk?

Flossie—From the milkman.—Judge.

Tenacious—To me the merry prattle of children is music.

Tenacious—Yes; but it's—rather Wag-herlan, don't you think?—Philadelphia North American.

There are women engaged in sewing for the soldiers whose husbands have to buy pajamas ready made.—Chicago Dispatch.

"My boy, don't you know that if you eat that green apple, you'll have pains all through your stomach? Why, I wouldn't think of eating one."

"Neither would I if I had as big a stomach as you."—New York Evening Journal.

Maiden aunt—Reading the Scriptures aloud to nephew—in heaven there is no marriage or giving in marriage.

Nephew—This earth must be a perfect heaven to you, isn't it, Aunt?—Puck.

PERSONAL.

William Ogilvie, the Dominion government commissioner for the Yukon district, is expected to arrive here this evening to remain for several days.

Mr. Fred Peters went over to Vancouver this morning.

Miss Laura Adams has returned from a holiday trip to Shawanigan Lake and other points.

James Somerville, M.P. for North Brant, will shortly visit Victoria.

Frank Waterhouse and E. W. McGinnis, of Seattle, are guests at the Victoria.

Mrs. (Captain) Cutler, who has been visiting in the Maritime Provinces for the past year, returned home on Saturday, being met at Vancouver by her mother, Mrs. Woodill. The Captain is North on the Annap.

Mrs. T. B. McCabe returned on Sunday from a visit in the East. Mr. McCabe met her at Vancouver.

At R. Johnston, of Nanaimo, is a guest at the Oriental.

Capt. W. H. Soule, of Vancouver, is at the Oriental.

F. J. Deane, member-elect for North Yale, and H. M. Stewart, of Kamloops, are at the New England.

Thomas Forster, member-elect for Delta, is a guest at the New England.

G. P. Cane and wife, of Nanaimo, are at the New England.

Miss Webster returned on Sunday from a holiday stay in the Terminal City.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

NEW ENGLAND.

E. Goldstone, London.  
H. Deane, Kamloops.  
H. M. Stewart, Kamloops.  
Thomas Forster, New Westminster.  
John Meyers, Germany.  
S. E. Jones, Vancouver.  
R. B. Master, Westholme.  
J. S. Gibson, Chemalmus.  
D. Dundas, Northland.  
W. L. Chalmers, Portland.  
A. P. Nixon, Thetis Island.  
G. F. Cane and wife, Nanaimo.  
H. Vandell, New Westminster.  
H. Matheson, New Westminster.  
F. Andrews, New Westminster.  
C. D. Hammond, London.  
H. Detlefson, New York.

VICTORIA.

John Martin, Clay Clement Co.  
Miss G. O'Malley, Clay Clement Co.  
T. F. O'Malley, Clay Clement Co.  
Miss L. La Verne, Clay Clement Co.  
Miss S. McKewen, Clay Clement Co.  
H. D. Martin, Clay Clement Co.  
Charles Young, Clay Clement Co.  
H. O. Martin, Clay Clement Co.  
H. D. Williams, Clay Clement Co.  
John Swift, Chicago.  
James McKelvey and wife, Chicago.  
William Bonville, Pasadena, Cal.  
A. W. Ross, Pasadena, Cal.  
L. Sears, St. Paul.  
G. R. Reed, San Francisco.  
Frank Waterhouse, Seattle.  
E. W. McGinnis, Seattle.  
W. L. Chalmers, Chemalmus.  
Dr. G. Pennington, San Francisco.  
W. L. Butler and wife, Cowichan.  
Mrs. F. B. Butler, Cowichan.  
W. H. Humphreys and wife, Tacoma.  
J. B. Ferguson, Vancouver.  
John Barber, Chicago.  
H. F. Schlegel, Eau Claire, Wis.  
H. W. Glasgow, Toronto.  
J. A. L. Smith, Eau Claire, Wis.  
E. W. Brown, New York.  
A. H. Gray, Seattle.  
Harry Smith, Duncan.  
L. A. Gilchrist, Dawson.

DOMINION.

Thomas Young, Victoria Lake.  
William Stevens, Vancouver.  
William McGregor, Vancouver.  
J. J. White, Sidney.  
J. H. Adolph, New Westminster.  
F. McClelland, Vancouver.  
Henry J. Danvers, Sidney.  
W. Garraff, wife and child, Vancouver.  
A. M. Richards, Vancouver.  
George Lotzger and family, Port Angeles.  
L. Nickelson, Spokane.  
Edwards and wife, Seattle.  
A. A. Graham, Chicago.  
Mrs. A. A. Graham, Chicago.  
George Neale, Vancouver.  
C. C. Spender, Springfield, Cal.  
M. Little, Vancouver.  
W. M. Wilson and wife, Vancouver.  
John Almond, Vancouver.  
J. W. Gidley, Penetanguishene, Ont.  
Alex. Michel, City.  
James H. Reid, Seattle.  
J. H. Reid, Seattle.  
John Murphy, Chemalmus.  
A. Houshous, Chemalmus.  
W. E. Fales, New Westminster.  
H. Scholfield, New Westminster.  
Dr. P. Overgaard, Trout Lake City.  
Newton R. Brown, New Westminster.  
S. V. Blannet, New York City.  
J. T. Glick, Port Crescent, Wash.  
R. J. Butcher, Stevenson, B. C.  
A. Calderwood, Stevenson, B. C.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer R. P. Ribbet from New Westminster—H. Yonall, M. Halpeny, Mrs. Blackwell, R. J. Martin, Mrs. Johnston, Mrs. Bryson, Mrs. McKelvey, Mrs. E. Patterson, F. Staly, J. Hancock, A. G. Ferguson, T. Enold, J. Albek, Mrs. Langley, Mrs. W. Jameson, J. Cameron, T. Richard, C. Palmer, H. Scholfield, N. J. Shedd, F. C. Cumlague, B. Harris, W. E. Fales, W. H. McPhee, H. Matheson.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—C. C. Dempsey, G. R. Reed, L. Sears, James Davis, Wm. Bonville and nephew, W. B. Shakespear, Capt. Gatter, Miss Armstrong, Miss McGinnis, Mrs. Anderson, W. G. P. Cornwall, R. H. Pooley, E. P. and J. A. Ribbet, J. F. Foulkes, Charles Young, J. D. Williams, J. Martin, J. Clay Clement, Miss La Verne, Miss McKewen, Mrs. Anderson, P. O'Malley, W. B. Marsh, J. O. Duffell and wife, Mrs. A. Yehr, Mrs. Kennedy, A. Heath, E. Bonquet, J. C. McKinnon and wife, C. Collins and wife, A. Deane and two sisters, Fred Smith, E. Campbell, J. S. Beall, Miss Baldwin, Frank Waterhouse, E. W. McGinnis, James H. Martin, P. St. Rollin, M. Bonville, A. Hall, V. Fuchimoto, Mrs. Anderson, F. F. Seward, B. W. Starr and wife, W. Sehl and sister, Miss Mikstrol, P. Rooney, Ed Howe, J. Davis, Miss Arkley and sister, Mrs. Ridout, P. O'Brien, J. L. P. O'Brien, J. Page, J. J. Hart, F. G. Tongue, W. L. Clark, A. N. Begg.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—H. Yonall, C. W. Brackman and Ker, Sinclair & Co., W. Bowditch, Vancouver Hardware Co., W. H. Malkin & Co., Spratt & Mcnealy, Shaw & Dickinson, B. C. Market Co., J. H. Todd & Son, Anderson Iron Works, Hens McE & R. V. Lumber & M. Co., V. Phoenix B. Co., N. Hibben, J. Hutchison & Co., J. H. Partridge & Co.

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W. L. Chalmers, Chemalmus.  
Dr. G. Pennington, San Francisco.  
W. L. Butler and wife, Cowichan.  
Mrs. F. B. Butler, Cowichan.  
W. H. Humphreys and wife, Tacoma.  
J. B. Ferguson, Vancouver.  
John Barber, Chicago.  
H. F. Schlegel, Eau Claire, Wis.  
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Edwards and wife, Seattle.  
A. A. Graham, Chicago.  
Mrs. A. A. Graham, Chicago.  
George Neale, Vancouver.  
C. C. Spender, Springfield, Cal.  
M. Little, Vancouver.  
W. M. Wilson and wife, Vancouver.  
John Almond, Vancouver.  
J. W. Gidley, Penetanguishene, Ont.  
Alex. Michel, City.  
James H. Reid, Seattle.  
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E. G. PRIOR & CO.

Limited Liability



Just received a carload of

### PORTABLE FARM ENGINES

6 and 8 Horse Power

With iron wheels, not wooden ones, as shown in cut.

Manufactured by the Jas. Leffel & Co., Springfield, Ohio.

These engines are particularly well adapted for farm work, being amply sufficient for running small threshers, feed cutters, grinding mills, etc. The entire boiler is made of steel, and is of the class known as the Cornish Return Tubular Boiler, the safest and most economical boiler made. All kinds of fuel can be used in these boilers. The engine is simplicity itself, and is made of only the very best materials. Our prices for same are very moderate.

We can refer as to their success to some of the best known farmers in B. C. who have bought them from us.

We also have some 3 H.P. upright engines by same makers. Call and inspect these engines at Victoria or Vancouver, or send for catalogues and prices.

For Bicyclists

Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum allays thirst and banishes fatigue on long runs. See that the Trade Mark name



### Tutti Frutti

is on each 5c. package.

All others are Imitations.

FREE. A variety of very handsome sou- venirs and prizes are sent for the return of set of coupons from the 5c. packages of Tutti Frutti. For the return of five sets with the letters on them spelling the words "Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum," every rider on a bicycle will receive a valuable prize. Send for sample package and list of prizes to Adams & Sons Co., 11 & 13 Jarvis St., Toronto, Ont.

### MACONOCHE'S RATIONS

THE Food for all Mining, Exploring and Touring Parties.

130 GOLD MEDALS AND HIGHEST AWARDS.

MACONOCHE'S Patent Army and Navy Rations are a combination of choice Meat and Vegetables, forming a substantial, nutritious, and savoury meal, which can be eaten hot or cold. Hot in a few minutes.

MACONOCHE'S FOODS ARE THE BEST THAT MONEY CAN BUY.

MACONOCHE BROTHERS, - - London, ENGLAND.

Manufacturers of Jams, Jellies, Marmalade, Bottled Fruits, Jelly Tablets, &c. Potted Meats, Pates and Camp Pies, Soups, Sausages, &c.

### CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA

Receipt and Expenditure for the Six Months Ending 30th June, 1898, Published in Accordance With Section 62, the Municipal Clauses Act.

| RECEIPTS.  | EXPENDITURES.  |
|--|--|
| Cash on hand January 1, 1898..... \$ 187 69            | City debt..... \$40,097 01   |
| Bank of B. N. A. Janu- ary 1, 1898..... 6,571 79       | Municipal Council..... 2,180 15  |
| Land and Improvement Tax..... 7,378 07                 | City salaries..... 9,954 88  |
| Water rates and rents..... 8,502 00                    | City Institutions..... 38,782 89   |
| Trades licenses..... 8,710 00                          | Buildings and surveys..... 1,304 69  |
| Liquor licenses..... 3,750 00                          | Streets, bridges and sidewalks..... 17,040 27                                |
| Police court fines and fees..... 1,423 00              | Education..... 21,830 72   |
| Road tax..... 1,480 00                                 | Board of Health..... 9,661 02  |
| Revenue tax..... 6,884 00                              | Registrar Supreme court, deposit re Point Ellice bridge cases..... 30,500 00 |
| Cemetery fees..... 797 25                              |  |
| Dog tax..... 302 00                                    |  |
| Market fees and rents..... 241 85                      |  |
| Pound fees..... 1,024 00                               |  |
| Library book account..... 27 00                        |  |
| Miscellaneous receipts..... 1,614 46                   |  |
| Debt Engineering and Hav- en..... 2,250 00             |  |
| Sewer rental fund..... 438 00                          |  |
| Education.....   |  |
| Prov. Gov. per capita tax..... \$9,043 94              |  |
| Special rate..... 923 12                               |  |
| Board of Health—Special rate..... 464 60               |  |
| Refunds re Darey Island station for lepers..... 195 38 |  |
| Total..... \$88,160 21                                 | Total..... \$105,438 05  |

Certified correct. JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

CHAS. KENT, Treasurer. City Hall, July 12, 1898.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall apply at the next sitting of the Board of License Commissioners, held in the city of Victoria, for a transfer of the license now held by me of the Germania Saloon, Johnson street, to Edgar George Walker. (Signed) H. J. O'LEARY.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Licensing Board, at its next sitting, for a transfer to Charles T. Tait, of Victoria, of my license to sell wines and liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Germania Saloon, situate on the west side of Government street, in the Russell Block, in the City of Victoria. Dated this 9th day of July, 1898. R. J. RUSSELL.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that we have this day admitted Mr. J. M. Bradburn into partnership with us as barristers-at-law and solicitors, and that the business will in future be carried on at the same address as heretofore, under the firm name and style of Bradburn, Humberston & Innes. Dated at Victoria this 1st day of August, 1898. ALAN S. DUMBLETON. A. W. V. INNES.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given at the next sitting of the Board of License Commissioners I intend to apply for a transfer of the license held by me for the sale of wines, liquors, etc., on the premises known as the "Hall Saloon," Foot street, to C. W. Clemmensen. a12 WM. FIELD.

NOTICE.

Behring Sea Award.

All persons claiming any portion of the amount awarded by the Behring Sea Com- missioners in December, 1897, are requested to notify, in writing, Frederick Peters, O. C., and E. W. Bodwell, Esquires, at the office of late, Petate No. 3, Langley street, Victoria, B. C., within 14 days from this date, the notice to contain full particulars of the claim.

Dated at Victoria this 21st day of June, A. D. 1898.

By order of THE HONORABLE THE MINISTER OF MARINE AND FISHERIES OF CAN.

JOHN T. PIERRE, Prop.

123 Douglas Street - Opposite City Hall

Suits dyed for \$2.50. Suits cleaned for \$1.50. Bring along your suitings, we will make them up cheap and to fit you to.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

In the matter of the application of Lionel Barnett Joseph and Josephus Barnett Joseph, formerly of Victoria, but now of London, England, for a Certificate of Inde- fensible Title to Victoria Town Lots Nos. one hundred and thirty-nine (139), one hundred and ten (110), one hundred and eleven (111), one hundred and thirty-nine (139), two hundred and eighty-one (281), three hundred and eighty-one (381), four hundred and eighteen (418), four hundred and fifty-two (452), four hundred and seventy-seven (477), four hundred and seventy-eight (478), five hundred and sixty-three (563), five hundred and seventy-three (573), five hundred and seventy-four (574), six hundred and sixty-two (662), six hundred and sixty-three (663), six hundred and sixty-four (664), six hundred and sixty-five (665), six hundred and sixty-six (666), six hundred and sixty-seven (667), six hundred and sixty-eight (668), six hundred and sixty-nine (669), six hundred and seventy (670), six hundred and seventy-one (671), and all that piece or parcel of land situate in Esquimalt District, being portion of Suburban Lot Forty (40), on the Official Map of said District, com- mencing at a point 661 links from the northerly corner of said lot, thence run- ning westerly along the northerly line of the said lot to the northwesterly corner thereof, thence at right angles southerly ten chains and a half to the southwesterly corner of the said lot, thence at right angles easterly to a point ninety-one links distant from the southwesterly corner of the said lot, thence at right angles north- erly to the place of beginning, and which said piece of land contains three acres one rood and thirteen perches, more or less.

Notice is hereby given that it is my in- tention to issue a Certificate of Inde- fensible Title to the above described land to Lionel Barnett Joseph and Josephus Barnett Joseph on the first day of October next, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person having an estate or interest therein, or in some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON, Registrar-General. Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., June 29th, 1898.

PREPARE FOR WINTER

Before the fall rush is on, by leav- ing your order for any kind of

CAPENTER WORK

General Repairs, Store and Office Fittings, or Weather Strips, with

J. P. BURGESS, Carpenter and Builder 10 Broughton St.

NOTICE.

DISPUTED LANDS IN RAILWAY BELT.

Kamloops Division of Yale District.

Original Grantee.

Lot 474, Group 1..... James Ross

Lot 408, "..... A. Clemes

Lot 408, "..... C. E. Williams and

Lot 493, "..... C. E. Williams and

Lot 469, "..... C. E. Clemston

Lot 469, "..... A. J. Kirkpatrick

Lot 401, "..... John Pringle

Lot 471, "..... John Pringle

Lot 515, "..... A. G. Pemberton

Lot 518, "..... William Ward Spinks

Arrangements having been made between the respective governments of the Dominion of Canada and the Province of British Colum- bia whereby owners of lands in the above-named district deriving their title through original grantees from the Provin- cial Government may obtain confirmatory grants of said lands from the Dominion Government, notice is hereby given that all persons owning lands as aforesaid are re- quested to forward their applications for such grants forthwith to the undersigned, together with their title deeds or authen- ticated copies thereof, in order that the same may be examined and releases and surren- ders prepared for execution. Any lands covered by the agreement made between the two governments for which releases and surrenders have not been tendered to the Dominion Government for acceptance before the 1st day of January, 1898, will cease to be subject to such agreement.

ARTHUR G. SMITH, Deputy Attorney-General. Attorney-General's Office, June 10, 1898.







# ROSBACH ROSBACH ROSBACH

## NATURAL TABLE WATER

Bottled at the Rosbach Springs, near Homburg, the Famous Health Resort of Germany

**Rosbach Sparkling Table Water,**  
The Best Drinking Water in the World,  
Alone or Mixed with Wine, Spirits, Etc.

Drunk by H. R. H.  
The  
Prince of Wales

SIR CHARLES CAMERON, the eminent Analyst and Professor of Chemistry, says: "The water is remarkably free from organic impurities. It is bright, sparkling and highly charged with carbonic acid gas. Its flavor is decidedly more agreeable than that of any mineral water I have ever tasted."  
It may safely be used as a daily drink, and will be found beneficial in cases of gouty and acid dyspepsia. I can cordially recommend this excellent water.

**Rosbach Rosbach Rosbach Rosbach Rosbach Rosbach**

PROFESSOR WANKLYN, the well-known Analytical Chemist, in answer to the question, "Which water do you recommend for daily and habitual use?"  
REPLIED—  
"I know of one only which is quite satisfactory and that is Rosbach Water."

**ROSBACH** THE LANCET says: "When taken alone, the water is peculiarly soft and smooth to the taste. According to our examination, its organic quality is beyond reproach."  
THE PHARMACEUTICAL JOURNAL says: "As a table water for constant use, Rosbach may be recommended on account of its freedom from organic impurity and because the alkaline carbonates are not present, as in case of some other waters."

THE HOSPITAL says: "Of all table waters in the market, we consider Rosbach to be on the whole the purest, the most palatable and the best."

"We have found it to be the pleasantest and most palatable of table waters."

THE STATIST says: "Rosbach Water is first-rate and ought to command a good sale."

DR. YORKE DAVIS states: "Rosbach sparkling table water is certainly the most pleasant I have yet tasted."

"Its antacid properties make it highly beneficial in the case of corpulent, gouty, rheumatic and dyspeptic people."

ROSBACH is used in all principal clubs, hotels and restaurants in England.

ROSBACH is used by distillers, because ROSBACH improves every kind of spirit.

ROSBACH is used for tasting by spirit merchants, because ROSBACH brings out the good qualities of whiskey and wine.

ROSBACH is recommended by caterers and retailers, because ROSBACH is universally preferred to other waters.

ROSBACH is the best natural table water in the world.

DR. WALLACE, writing from the City Analyst's Laboratory, Glasgow, says: "I consider the Rosbach unsurpassed for table use." Text of award of the INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION at Chicago, 1893: "Rosbach is a lightly mineralized, highly carbonated natural mineral water; it is a clear, bright, refreshing beverage, absolutely pure, well bottled and of agreeable, piquant taste."

### SYNOPSIS OF MEDICAL REPORTS:

ROSBACH is originally pure.  
ROSBACH is delicious, sparkling and refreshing.  
ROSBACH blends better with wines, spirits or milk than any other water, because it contains the least proportion of earthy salts.  
ROSBACH is charged entirely with its own natural carbonic acid gas.  
ROSBACH is unsurpassed for table use.

SOLE AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA

**PITHER & LEISER, Yates Street, VICTORIA, B.C.**

### Provincial

The following officers have been appointed to the British Columbia rifle corps, Rossland rifle company: To be captain, Peter Mauden; To be lieutenant, Kenneth Mauden; To be second lieutenant, John Louis Graham Abbott; To be sergeant, Nelson H. Mauden; To be corporal, Arthur Edward Hodgkin; To be private, Henry Edward McDowell; To be second lieutenant, William Alfred Gailher; To be sergeant, John H. Mauden; To be corporal, Edward A. Nash; To be private, John H. Mauden, and Cecil W. Ward.

Alfred Woodhouse, M. E., has been instrumental in closing a deal whereby a 500-acre tract of land, situated in the near future, the new smelter company is a London syndicate. Ex-Mayor Mainly has donated 1,600 acres of land to the smelter company. The smelter company has also taken a 90 days' option on the water power up the North Fork. To show good faith on their part, the smelter company has put up a guarantee of \$200,000 in cash that it will carry out its agreement.

#### DROWNED AT TRAIL

Harold B. Robertson, a banker of Trail, was drowned in the Columbia shortly before noon on Thursday last, by the capsizing of a canoe in which he was boating. W. J. Devitt, the provincial policeman at Trail, who was with him at the time, made a magnificent effort to save his companion, and at the risk of his own life, he thrice dragged Mr. Robertson upon the capsized boat, but the unfortunate man lost his hold finally and sunk never to rise again. Mr. Devitt finally succeeded in reaching land about half a mile below the scene of the disaster. The loss of the canoe was estimated at \$200. Mr. Robertson was a well-known man in the district. He was a native of Scotland, and came up from Trail last evening, brought particulars of the catastrophe. Mr. Robertson and Mr. Devitt had started out for a few minutes' sport on the water in the latter's canoe, a Peterboro 16-footer, and after paddling up to the smelter they started down stream past town. The Columbia was up a good deal at the rate of about 10 miles per hour, and the two were travelling at almost that rate when, as they reached a point opposite the Columbia and Western station, they were engulfed in a huge rip, which, rising straight up, filled the boat and threw the two boatmen into the water. Mr. Robertson, being unable to swim, was helpless and lost his head completely. Mr. Devitt, himself a splendid swimmer, seized his companion and managed to draw him over the canoe,

but the helpless man lost his hold and fell again into the water. With cheerful words of encouragement, Mr. Devitt dragged him upon the boat again and again, but in each case Mr. Robertson lost his hold and fell into the river. The last time he sank out of sight, and his body, carried swiftly down the stream, has not been recovered. The frightful accident was witnessed by perhaps a hundred people, who, however, could do nothing, as no boats were available. Mr. Robertson was a Nova Scotian, and had been in Trail for a year past as manager of the Bealeys company's business, and later as an owner of that institution. He leaves a young wife and little daughter, only a few months old, and a splendid and heroic conduct of Mr. Devitt is everywhere spoken of in the highest terms of praise, although Mr. Devitt is heart-broken at the calamity.

#### SENSATIONAL SUICIDE

E. C. Runsey, one of the employees of the Butte mills, near Sheep Creek station, at the international boundary line, ended a fortnight's delirium by cutting his throat last Thursday morning in the bunkhouse at the mill. His manner of doing away with himself was carried out with such deliberation and forethought as to keep his death a secret until he was found. Runsey, who, according to his rarely seen, was a "tough" by birth, had been around the camp doing odd jobs for the past two or three years. For some time past he had been working at the mill, but had not been working at the mill for some time. He came to town and started in on a prolonged spree. It ended finally by his going into what amounted to a delirium tremens, and it was in this shape that he returned to the mill on Tuesday last. His appearance caused no little apprehension among his parents, and they set out to watch him, in the middle of the night and took refuge in the forest. When he returned in the morning he was in a frightful condition, as his clothes had been soiled with the brush through which he had travelled, while his body was literally scratched all over. Runsey, who was in a very morose mood, went at once into the bunkhouse, the door of which he locked, so as to keep the rest of the crew outside. Robert Miller, the proprietor of the mill, fearing that Runsey was up to some mischief, detailed two men to watch him, and at the same time he telegraphed to Officer Hosson to come down and take the fellow in custody, as he gave every appearance of being quite crazed with the liquor he had been consuming. While waiting for the arrival of the officer, the two watchmen took things easy outside of the cabin where Runsey was confined, as they had no idea that he would do himself any damage. They were much mistaken in this, however, for when Officer Hosson arrived and broke in the door of the bunkhouse, Runsey was lying in bed with his throat horribly gashed, while his hands were covered with blood. Runsey's body was still warm, but he was dead.

From the surroundings, he had evidently taken his time in killing himself. The door picks, axes and similar weapons of defence with which he seemingly meant to defend himself in case his imaginary foes made any effort to capture him. Having made himself secure in this matter, he then drank a pint of benzine, after which he secured a razor, and, taking a small mirror in his hand, he gashed his throat from ear to ear. The wound, while it was very painful, was seemingly not fatal, for judging from the blood on the floor, he had then walked over to another corner where the light was good, and here he made a second slash at his neck. An immense pool of blood on the floor at this point bore record to the damage done. He then lay down on himself, and, weakened, doubtless, by the loss of blood which must have been taken place by this time, Runsey then dragged himself over to a bunk, and hanging his head over the side, he made a few final and desperate cuts, with the result that in a few moments he was dead.

garding the wants of this section relative to railway transportation. Mr. Lynch goes with the Ogilvie party to gather information on various subjects for the department, and is in fact to suppose that his reports will receive consideration. Mr. Lynch seems to take a very rational view of the transportation question, viz: that no all-Canadian route can be established except it be an all-land route and from some point on the C. P. R., and that point apparently Ashcroft, to connect with the headwaters of the Yukon and his idea, also, is that in time a road should be built across country from Edmonton and eastern points west to Port Simpson or some other coast point. This latter part of the proposition he thinks should be kept in view but is not imperative, as is the building of a section of road from Ashcroft—Ashcroft Mining Journal.

#### CASSIAR OPINION.

Important Feature of Premier Turner's Policy of Vital Interest in That District.

(From the Glenora News, Aug. 5.)  
On the 15th of last month candidates for the position of representative for Cassiar were nominated at Port Simpson. As is known to our readers, Capt. John Irving and C. W. D. Clifford were nominated as government candidates, and G. S. McTavish for the opposition. All know Capt. Irving. Both Clifford and McTavish are managers of fish canneries, and are quite well known in Cassiar.

It is stated that to-morrow is election day. As to the truth of this assertion the News cannot speak, although we believe that it is. Although this is the only newspaper in the district, the government has not seen fit to apprise us of either the date of nomination or election, doubtless reserving notice of both functions until after they have been held, that we may not be disappointed as to the result. If to-morrow is election day (and it undoubtedly is), then our voters should hunt up the ballot box and cast their votes.

For the welfare of Glenora it seems to us that this town should cast a solid ballot for the government candidates. As none of the candidates are local men, and as Irving and Clifford seem to combine the merits of the three candidates, Glenora can have nothing against them. As a matter of self-interest we must vote for the government candidates. We have everything to hope for from the present government, and nothing to hope for from the opposition. The opposition stand pledged to kill the Cassiar Central railway proposition, and in opposition to the Glenora-Teslin railway project. The opposition fought the granting to Cassiar of a second member of the legislature, and would doubtless introduce a redistribution measure to take away from us the new membership and give it to Vancouver. To cast a ballot for the opposition candidate would be to vote against your own interests.

Only so far as the interests of this section are concerned, has the News any interest in the election, but after careful consideration of all phases of the subject, we feel that we would not be doing right if we did not advise every vote in this section to say with the government that is disposed to stay with us.

## ....READ THIS....

Are you shipping freight to Dawson? If so, you can save a handsome profit on your shipment by taking a scow or barge from Lake Bennett down the river. For example: Ten tons from Victoria to Dawson, at contract rates, costs 24 cents per pound, or \$4,800; connections are uncertain, and consequent delays to be contended with.  
From Bennett to Dawson, by barge or scow, three cents per pound, or \$600; total, \$2,400, or a saving to the shipper of \$2,400 on a small transaction. No delays.

#### ....IT MUST BE SO....

For regular traders buy barges and scows from us. We save money for others. We can do it for you. Come and figure with us at the mills.  
**VICTORIA YUKON TRADING CO., Ltd**  
Munn, Holland & Co., Agts, 34 Broad St., LAKE BENNETT, B.C.

#### GRAND DIVISION SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

The seventh session of the Grand Division Sons of Temperance convened Wednesday afternoon, 10th inst., in the Temperance Hall, 1016 Richard street, Vancouver. Most of the officers were present, as also a goodly number of representatives from the several divisions. The grand worthy patriarch, Rev. J. D. P. Knox, presiding, offered greeting and dealt with salient points in regard to the work.

Seven members were initiated to the Grand Division. The report of the G. W. P. was read and afforded a very comprehensive history of the past term's work as well as valuable suggestions for future work.

The grand scribe's report likewise dealt carefully with the status of the order in the province.  
It was highly gratifying to know that so much had been accomplished since December, and spoke eloquently for the efficiency and zeal of the G. W. P. and his enthusiastic staff. A deputation, consisting of Revs. Knox and Cooper, and Sister E. A. Morris, was appointed to wait upon the W.C.T.U., then in session in Vancouver. The evening session was taken up by a short meeting, followed by an open meeting. This latter was well attended by the public, who enjoyed an interesting programme of speeches by Bros. Cox, Bailey and Duncan; songs by Bros. Cox, McDermid, Thompson and Burns; and recitations by Bros. Thornley and Powe and Sister Craig.

By 9 o'clock Thursday the third session was in order. The election of the officers resulted as follows: G. W. P., Rev. J. D. P. Knox; G. S., W. F. Beggs; G. Chap., Rev. C. E. Cooper; G. Sent., G. J. Jones; G. V. A., Sister E. A. Norris; G. T., J. J. Dougan; G. Cond., J. Sharp; G. S. Y., P. W. John Sharp.  
The committee on state of the order reported six divisions in the province, four of which have a membership of 145 members, and two of them a cash balance of \$47.50. They also suggested having a division in Victoria and one in New Westminster. A deputation consisting of Mesdames Cooper, Brown and McGregor, from the W.C.T.U., then waited upon the session offering heartiest greetings. Several resolutions were offered, and unanimously adopted, affecting our future work and relating to the coming plebiscite.

It was heartily agreed to lend every assistance to and work in conjunction with the B.C. branch of the Dominion Alliance. Bros. Knox, Cooper and Bailey each gave most helpful and earn-

est suggestions. The song book, "Nuggets of Gold," was recommended for all the subordinate divisions of the Sons of Temperance. Strong committees were appointed to attend to the several features of our work, and it was decided to convene next August under the auspices of Wellington Division, No. 15. It is safe to say this seventh session was one of the most important and enjoyable ever held. From first to last it was harmonious, zealous and progressive. So the cause must advance. Larger things are our lot for 1898-9.

Stop that Cough! Take warning. It may lead to Consumption. A 25c. bottle of Shiloh's Cure may save your life. Sold by Cyrus H. B. Cox.

Alexandria possesses the largest artificial harbor in the world.  
There are 250 glaciers in the Alps said to be over five miles in length.  
Recently an effort has been made at Tanager to establish a chair for teaching surgery to the Moors.  
Among the Chinese a coffin is considered a neat and appropriate present for an aged person, especially if in bad health.  
The greatest height ever reached in a balloon was 26,100 feet. Two of the three aeronauts who made this ascent were suffocated.

The grape cure, which is popular in southern Europe, was advocated enthusiastically by medical writers as early as the tenth century.  
In moving the battleship Temeraire in the Devonport dockyard, her bowsprit knocked to pieces the big 60-ton shears in the yard, which cost \$25,000.

#### A PURE GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR POWDER

**DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER**

Awarded  
Highest Honors, World's Fair  
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair

#### DON'T GO

To Klondike Without an

## ALBION STOVE

.....WE HAVE.....

### MINERS'

Folding/Deflecting Stoves  
Strong Sheet Steel Stoves  
that are made to last...  
Combination Cooking and  
Heating Stoves of Special  
Design.....

Each Stove Has Pipe and a Bake Pan Packed Inside

## ALBION IRON WORKS CO.,

Limited Liability

## CUT PRICES

Beginning Monday, Aug. 1st we will make a

### GREAT CUT IN SHOE PRICES

Your opportunity is at hand. The balance of our stock of Tan Shoes and Oxfords, of every description must be cleared out during this sale. Do not delay but come early and make selections.

## Shoe Emporium

CORNER OF GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STS.



## The Semi-Weekly Colonist

\$1.50 Per Annum

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.